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CO-OPERATIVE AND COMMUNITY BENEFIT SOCIETIES ACT 2014

Acknowledgement of registration of a rule amendment

The FCA today acknowledges the registration of the amendment of the attached rules under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 for:

Society name: **Places for People Living+ Limited** Registration number: **20014 R**

Date: 29 August 2018



RULES OF

PLACES FOR PEOPLE LIVING+ LIMITED

REGISTER N^{O.:} 20014 R

Registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014

All previous Rules rescinded



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Based on the National Housing Federation Model Rules 2015

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Part A	Name and objects
Name	
A1	The name of the society shall be Places for People Living+ Limited (the Association).

Objects

- A2 The Association is formed for the benefit of the community. Its charitable objects shall be to carry on for the benefit of the community:
 - A2.1 the business of providing and managing housing, including Social Housing, and providing assistance to help house people and associated facilities, amenities and services for poor people or for the relief of aged, disabled (whether physically or mentally) or chronically sick people;
 - A2.2 any other charitable object which is connected with or incidental to the provision of housing that can be carried out from time to time by a registered society registered as a provider of Social Housing with the Regulator.

Non-profit

- A3 The Association shall not trade for profit and any profits shall only be applied for the purpose of furthering the Association's objects and/ or in accordance with these Rules.
- A4 Nothing shall be paid or transferred by way of profit to Shareholders of the Association.

Corporate status

A5 The Association is a subsidiary of the Parent. The Association shall not cease to be a subsidiary of the Parent and shall not become a subsidiary of another organisation without (in each case) first amending these Rules to state the name of the Parent entity.

Part B Powers of Association, Board, and Shareholders

Powers

- B1 The Association shall have power to do anything that a natural or corporate person can lawfully do which is necessary or expedient to achieve its objects, except as expressly prohibited in these Rules.
- B2 Without limiting its general powers under Rule B1, and only so far as is necessary or expedient to achieve its objects, the Association shall have power to:
 - B2.1 purchase, acquire, dispose of or take or grant any interest in Property and take or grant any security interest over land or any of the Association's assets including any mortgage, charge, floating charge or other security whatsoever;
 - B2.2 construct or carry out works to buildings;
 - B2.3 help any charity or other body not trading for profit in relation to housing and related services;

- B2.4 subject to Rules F12 to F14, borrow money or issue bonds, notes, loan stock or any other debt instrument or enter into any transaction having the commercial effect of borrowing;
- B2.5 enter into and perform any Derivative Transaction on such terms and on such security as the Association thinks fit for the purpose of hedging or otherwise managing any treasury risk or other financial exposure of the Association;
- B2.6 subject to Rule F15, invest the funds of the Association;
- B2.7 lend or donate or make grants of money on such terms as the Association shall think fit;
- B2.8 guarantee, enter into any contract of indemnity or suretyship or provide security for, the borrowings or performance of the obligations of a third party on such terms as the Association shall think fit;
- B2.9 pay insurance premiums in respect of insurance taken out to insure officers and employees against the cost of a successful defence to a criminal prosecution brought against them as officers or against personal liability incurred in respect of any act or omission which is or is alleged to be a breach of trust or a breach of duty; and
- B2.10 support, administer or acquire other corporate bodies.
- B3 The Association shall not have power to receive money on deposit in any way which would require authorisation under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 or any other authority required by statute unless it has such authorisation.

Powers of the Board

- B4 The business of the Association shall be directed by the Board.
- B5 Apart from those powers which must be exercised in General Meeting:
 - B5.1 by statute; or
 - B5.2 under these Rules;

all the powers of the Association may be exercised by the Board for and in the name of the Association.

B6 Subject to Rule D27 to D31, the Board shall have power to delegate, in writing, the exercise of any of its powers to any committee or committees or to any officer or officers or to any employee or employees on such terms as it determines. Such delegation may include any of the powers and discretions of the Board.

Limited powers of Shareholders in General Meetings

B7 The Association in General Meetings can only exercise the powers of the Association expressly reserved to it by these Rules or by statute.

General

- B8 The certificate of an Officer of the Association, or of the Parent, that a power has been properly exercised shall be conclusive as between the Association and any third party acting in good faith and without notice of any irregularity.
- B9 A person acting in good faith who does not have actual notice of these Rules or any of the Association's regulations shall not be concerned to see or enquire if the Board's powers are restricted by any of these Rules or regulations.

Part C Shareholders and General Meetings

Nature of shares

- C1 The Association's share capital shall be raised by the issue of shares. Each share has the nominal value of one pound which shall carry no right to interest, dividend or bonus.
- C2 When a Shareholder ceases to be a Shareholder or is expelled from the Association, his or her share shall be cancelled. The amount paid up on that share shall become the Property of the Association. Shares may not be transferred. Shares shall be nonwithdrawable.

Nature of Shareholders

- C3 A Shareholder of the Association is a person or body whose name and address is entered in the Register of Shareholders. The Parent shall be a Shareholder.
- C4 The following cannot be or become Shareholders:
 - C4.1 a minor;
 - C4.2 a person who has been expelled as a Shareholder, unless authorised by Special Resolution at a General Meeting;
 - C4.3 an employee of the Association or an employee of any other Group Member;
 - C4.4 a person who is disqualified from acting as a director of a company or as a Board Member of another registered society for any reason;
 - C4.5 a body corporate which is in liquidation or the subject of an administration order or a receiver and/or manager appointed over all or any of its assets, or is subject to an agreement with its creditors;
 - C4.6 a Resident who is in breach of their tenancy agreement, licence or lease with the Association or a Group Member and they fail to rectify the breach within 90 days of receiving written notice from the Association informing them of the breach; or
 - C4.7 a person who is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder (as defined by section 1 of the Mental Health Act 1983 or section 328 of the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) (Scotland) Act 2003) (as amended) and a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the Association stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a Shareholder and may remain so for more than three months; or
 - C4.8 a person who has been convicted of an indictable offence which is not, or cannot be, spent; or
 - C4.9 a person who has been convicted of any other offence at any time which in the opinion of the Board:
 - brings the Association or any other Group Member into disrepute; or
 - is incompatible with the role of Shareholder;

and the Board resolves (by a majority of at least two-thirds) that they should be removed; or

- C4.10 a person who is the subject of a composition with their creditors generally in satisfaction of their debts.
- C5 A corporate body can be a Shareholder. It can appoint an individual to exercise its rights at General Meetings and may revoke such appointment. Any such appointment or revocation shall be in writing, and shall take effect on being given to the Secretary. A representative shall be entitled to speak at the meeting at which they are entitled to vote.
- C6 No Shareholder shall hold more than one share and each share shall carry only one vote. A share cannot be held jointly.

Admission of Shareholders

C7 The Board, with the consent of the Parent, will adopt a policy for the appointment of Shareholders. The Parent or the Board, with the written consent of the Parent in each case, may admit Shareholders only in accordance with that policy. Shareholders may be admitted for a term and/or under an appointment agreement.

Ending of shareholding

C8

Except in the case of the Parent, a Shareholder shall cease to be a Shareholder if:

- C8.1 they die; or
- C8.2 they are expelled under Rule C9; or
- C8.3 they withdraw from the Association by giving notice to the Secretary which shall be effective on receipt, unless they are one of the last three remaining Shareholders, in which case they must provide at least 7 days' written notice of the withdrawal to the Secretary; or
- C8.4 they do not participate in, nor deliver written apologies in advance to, a General Meeting of the Association in any consecutive period of 12 months; or
- C8.5 unless appointed by the Parent, the Association serves notice on the Shareholder at their last known address asking them to indicate within a period (not being less than 1 month) whether they wish to remain a Shareholder and they fail to reply within such period; or
- C8.6 in the case of a body corporate it ceases to be a body corporate; or
- C8.7 they cease to be eligible to be a Shareholder under Rule C4 or C7; or
- C8.8 they cease to be a Board Member; or
- C8.9 they are a Resident and they are in breach of their tenancy agreement, licence or lease with the Association or a Group Member and they fail to rectify the breach within 90 days of receiving written notice from the Association informing them of the breach or are subject to any of the following types of court order: Criminal Behaviour Order; Injunction pursuant to Section 1 of the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014,

demoted tenancy or closure order or any other judicial order (however named) having equivalent effect; or

- C8.10 they are a Resident and the Association has obtained an order of a competent court or tribunal against them for recovery of monies due from them to the Association provided that if the order is suspended or is an order for payment in instalments they shall only cease to be a Shareholder upon failing to meet the terms of the order; or
- C8.11 in the case of a Shareholder who was a Resident at the time of their appointment as a Shareholder, they cease to be a Resident; or
- C8.12 they are removed by notice in writing signed by the Parent; or
- C8.13 they are appointed under an appointment agreement and/or for a term of office and that appointment agreement and/or term terminates for any reason.

Except in the case of the Parent who may not be expelled and save for a person who ceases to be a Shareholder in accordance with Rule C8, a Shareholder may only be expelled by a Special Resolution at a special General Meeting called by the Board with the consent of the Parent.

- C9.1 The Board must give the Shareholder at least one month's notice in writing of the General Meeting. The notice to the Shareholder must set out the particulars of the complaint of conduct detrimental to the Association and must request the Shareholder to attend the meeting to answer the complaint.
- C9.2 At the General Meeting called for this purpose the Shareholders shall consider the evidence presented by the Board and by the Shareholder (if any). The meeting may take place even if the Shareholder does not attend.
- C9.3 If the resolution to expel the Shareholder is passed in accordance with this Rule, the Shareholder shall immediately cease to be a Shareholder.

Annual General Meeting

- C10 The Association shall hold a General Meeting called the annual General Meeting within six calendar months after the close of each of its financial years or such later date as may be permitted by law.
- C11 The functions of the annual General Meeting shall be:

C11.1 to receive the annual report which shall include:

- revenue accounts and balance sheets for the last accounting period;
- auditor's report on those accounts and balance sheets;
- Board's report on the affairs of the Association;
- C11.2 subject to Rule F3, to appoint the auditor;
- C11.3 to transact any other general business of the Association set out in the notice convening the meeting including any business that requires a Special Resolution.

C9

Special General Meetings

- C12 All General Meetings other than annual General Meetings shall be special General Meetings and shall be convened either:
 - C12.1 upon an order of the Board; or
 - C12.2 upon a written requisition signed by at least two Shareholders stating the business for which the meeting is to be convened; or
 - C12.3 upon a written requisition signed by an authorised signatory of the Parent.
- C13 If within twenty-eight days after delivery of a requisition to the Secretary a meeting required under Rule C12 is not convened, the Shareholders who have signed the requisition or the Parent (as the case may be) may convene a meeting.
- C14 A special General Meeting shall not transact any business that is not mentioned in the notice convening the meeting.

Calling a General Meeting

- C15 All General Meetings shall be convened by at least fourteen Clear Days' written notice (or, with the consent of not less than seventy five per cent of the Shareholders given in writing or through Electronic Communication, such other period of notice as the Shareholders may agree) posted or delivered or sent by Electronic Communication to every Shareholder at the address or Electronic Communication address given in the share register. The notice shall state whether the meeting is an annual General Meeting or special General Meeting, the time, date and place of the meeting, and the business for which it is convened.
- C16 Any accidental failure to get any notice to any Shareholder (including any accidental failure to send it) shall not invalidate the proceedings at that General Meeting. A notice or communication delivered or sent to a Shareholder at their address or Electronic Communication address shown in the Register of Shareholders shall be deemed to have arrived as specified in Rule G15.13.

Proceedings at General Meetings

- C17 Before any General Meeting can start its business there must be a quorum present. A quorum is present if:
 - C17.1 at least two Shareholders are present in person or by a corporate representative; and
 - C17.2 unless the Parent agrees otherwise, the Parent is present in person by an authorised representative or by proxy, in which event the Parent shall count towards the quorum requirement in this Rule C17.
- C18 Meetings of the Shareholders can take place in any manner and through any medium which permits those attending to hear and comment on the proceedings and whether or not all are assembled in one place.
- C19 A meeting held as a result of a Shareholder requisition (which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall not include a General Meeting requisitioned by the Parent under Rule C12.3) will be dissolved if too few Shareholders are present half an hour after the meeting should begin.

- C20 All other General Meetings where too few Shareholders are present half an hour after the meeting should begin (including a General Meeting requisitioned by the Parent under Rule C12.3) will be adjourned to the same day, at the same time in the following week at the Association's registered office. If the Shareholders present half an hour after the time the adjourned meeting should have started are less than those as stated in Rule C17, those Shareholders present shall carry out the business of the meeting.
- C21 The Chair of any General Meeting can:
 - C21.1 take the business of the meeting in any order that the Chair may decide; and
 - C21.2 adjourn the meeting if the majority of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy agree. An adjourned meeting can only deal with matters adjourned from the original meeting. An adjourned meeting is a continuation of the original meeting. The date of all resolutions passed is the date they were passed (as opposed to the date of the original meeting). There is no need to give notice of an adjournment or to give notice of the business to be transacted.
- C22 At all General Meetings of the Association the Chair of the Board shall preside. If there is no such Chair or if the Chair is not present or is unwilling to act, the deputy Chair (if any) shall chair the meeting, failing which the Shareholders present shall elect a Shareholder to chair the meeting. The person elected shall be a Board Member if one is present and willing to act.

Proxies

C23 Any Shareholder entitled to attend and vote at a General Meeting may appoint another person, whether or not a Shareholder, as their proxy to attend and vote on their behalf. A proxy can be appointed by delivering a written appointment which may be by way of Electronic Communication, to the registered office, or such other place as may be selected by the Board and stated in the meeting notice, at least two days before the date of the meeting at which the proxy is authorised to vote. It must be signed or confirmed by Electronic Communication by the Shareholder or a duly authorised attorney. Any proxy form delivered late shall be invalid. Any question as to the validity of a proxy shall be determined by the chair of the meeting whose decision shall be final.

Voting

- C24 Subject to the provisions of these Rules or of any statute, a resolution put to the vote at a General Meeting shall, except where a ballot is demanded or directed or is required by these Rules, be decided upon a show of hands.
- C25 On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person and on a ballot every Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote. In the case of an equality of votes the Chair of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.
- C26 Unless a ballot is demanded (either before or immediately after the vote), a declaration by the Chair that a resolution on a show of hands has been carried or lost, unanimously or by a particular majority, is conclusive. An entry made to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Association shall be conclusive evidence of that fact.

- C27 Any question as to the acceptability of any vote whether tendered personally or by proxy, shall be determined by the Chair of the meeting, whose decision shall be final.
- C28 A ballot on a resolution may be demanded by:
 - C28.1 the Parent;
 - C28.2 the Chair;
 - C28.3 any two Shareholders at a meeting (in person or by proxy); or
 - C28.4 Shareholder(s) representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having the right to vote on the resolution

and such demand or direction may be withdrawn. A ballot may be demanded or directed after a vote on the show of hands, and in that case the resolution shall be decided by the ballot.

C29 A ballot shall be taken at such time and in such manner as the Chair shall direct. The result of such a ballot shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Association in General Meeting.

Written Resolutions

C30 Subject to the Act a resolution in writing signed or confirmed by letter or by Electronic Communication by or on behalf of the requisite majority of the Shareholders, for the time being, entitled to vote on the relevant resolution shall be as valid and effective as a resolution passed at a properly called and constituted meeting of Shareholders provided that a copy of the proposed resolution has been delivered in accordance with these Rules to all Shareholders and the requisite majority of Shareholders referred to in Rule C31 has delivered their agreement in accordance with these Rules. Such resolution when signed or approved may comprise more than one document in the same form, each signed or approved, by one or more Shareholders.

C31 For the purposes of Rule C30 the requisite majorities are:

- in the case of an ordinary resolution, a simple majority of Shareholders who would have been entitled to vote had the resolution been proposed at a properly called and constituted General Meeting;
- in the case of a resolution requiring a two-thirds majority of Shareholders, at least two-thirds of the Shareholders who would have been entitled to vote had the resolution been proposed at a properly called and constituted General Meeting; or
- in the case of a resolution requiring a three-quarters majority of Shareholders, at least three-quarters of the Shareholders who would have been entitled to vote had the resolution been proposed at a properly called and constituted General Meeting.

Representatives and nominees

C32 Under the provisions of these Rules (including Rules A3, A4, C1 and C2) no Shareholder is entitled to Property of the Association in that capacity, and in the event of death a person shall cease to be a Shareholder, their share shall be cancelled and the amount paid up on that share shall become the Property of the Association. The following make provisions for representatives and nominees taking into account the provisions of these Rules:

- C32.1 The Act provides that a Shareholder may nominate a person or persons to whom Property in the Association at the time of his/ her death shall be transferred. As any such share will have been cancelled, no person so nominated under the Act shall be entitled to any Property of that Shareholder on their death.
- C32.2 No Property shall be capable of transfer to any personal representative of a deceased Shareholder.
- C33 Upon a claim being made by a trustee in bankruptcy of a bankrupt Shareholder to the share held by that Shareholder, the Association shall transfer such share to which the trustee in bankruptcy is entitled and as the trustee in bankruptcy may direct them.

Part D The Board

Functions

D1 The Association shall have a Board which shall direct the affairs of the Association in accordance with its objects and these Rules and ensure that its functions are properly performed. These functions will be agreed by the Board and set out separately in a code of governance or otherwise in writing.

Composition of the Board

- D2 The Board shall consist of five Board Members or of such greater number not exceeding twelve (including co-optees) as may be determined by the Board with the prior approval of the Parent, or by the Parent.
- D3 By notice in writing to the Secretary, the Parent may remove or appoint any and all Board Members.
- D4 Each Board Member will be appointed for a fixed term of office (a **Fixed Term**). The Fixed Term shall be determined by the Parent but shall not exceed four years.
- D5 A Board Member, co-optee or committee member shall cease to hold office on completion of six years' continuous service on the Board and or/committee (and for this purpose time served on the Board and/or committee of another Group Member or on the Board of any predecessor of the Association or another Group Member shall be counted), save where the Board agrees that circumstances exist where it would be in the best interests of the Association for a Board Member, co-optee or committee member to serve for a term which, subject to Rule D6, may not exceed 12 months.
- D6 A Board Member, co-optee or committee member may not be appointed for a period which, when aggregated with his or her earlier continuous service as a Board Member, co-optee or committee member would exceed ten years.
- D7 The Parent may appoint co-optees to serve on the Board on such terms as the Board resolves (with the consent of the Parent) and may remove such co-optees. A co-optee may act in all respects as a Board Member, but cannot take part in the deliberations nor vote on the election of Officers of the Association nor any matter directly affecting the appointment or removal of, or setting or amending the obligations of Shareholders.
 - D7.1 The Parent may co-opt employees to the Association's Board.
 - D7.2 The Parent may appoint employees to the Association's Board.

- D7.3 No employee may be appointed or co-opted to the Board if, following their appointment or co-option, employees would be in a majority of Board Members and co-optees.
- D8 For the purposes of these Rules and of the Act a co-optee is not included in the expression "Board Member" or "member of the Board".
- D9 Not more than five co-optees can be appointed to the Board at any one time.
- D10 No one can become or remain a Board Member or a co-optee or committee member at any time if:
 - D10.1 they are disqualified from acting as a director of a company or as a Board Member of another registered society or as a charity trustee for any reason; or
 - D10.2 they have been convicted of an indictable offence which is not, or cannot be, spent; or
 - D10.3 they have been convicted of any other offence at any time which in the opinion of the Board:
 - brings the Association into disrepute; or
 - is incompatible with the role of Board Member, committee member or co-optee;

and the Board resolves that they should be removed; or

- D10.4 a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts; or
- D10.5 they are not a Shareholder (unless they are appointed by the Parent or they are an employee of the Association or any other Group Member or cooptee); or
- D10.6 except for an appointment by the Parent, they have absented themselves from three consecutive meetings of the Board or committee (as the case may be) without special leave of absence from the Board or committee (unless the Board or committee resolves otherwise); or
- D10.7 a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the Association stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a Board Member, co-optee or committee member and may remain so for more than three months; or
- D10.8 other than in respect of employees, any performance contract or similar agreement entered into with the Association or any other Group Member is terminated; or
- D10.9 they are an employee with the Association or any Group Member and their contract of employment with any Group Member(s) is terminated; or
- D10.10 they are a Resident and they are in breach of their tenancy agreement, licence or lease with the Association or a Group Member and they fail to rectify the breach within 90 days of receiving written notice from the Association informing them of the breach or are subject to any of the following types of court order: Criminal Behaviour Order; Injunction pursuant to Section 1 of the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014, demoted tenancy or closure order or any other judicial order (however named) having equivalent effect; or
- D10.11 they are a Resident and the Association has obtained an order of a competent court or tribunal against them for recovery of monies due from them to the Association provided that if the order is suspended or is an order

for payment in instalments they shall only cease to be a Board Member, cooptee or committee member upon failing to meet the terms of the order; or

- D10.12 in the case of a Board Member, co-optee or committee member who at the time of appointment to the Board or as a co-optee or committee member was a Resident, they cease to be a Resident; or
- D10.13 they are removed by notice in writing signed by the Parent;

and any Board Member, committee member or co-optee who at any time ceases to qualify under this Rule shall immediately cease to be a Board Member, committee member or co-optee.

- D11 A Board Member may be removed from the Board:
 - D11.1 by a Special Resolution at a General Meeting held with the written consent of the Parent; or
 - D11.2 by a resolution passed by two-thirds of the Board Members, excluding the Board Member subject of the proposed removal and excluding co-optees and employees, provided the following conditions are satisfied:
 - at least fourteen days' notice of the proposed resolution has been given to all Board Members; and
 - the notice sets out in writing the reasons for the removal; and
 - the Board is satisfied that the reasons justify the removal; and
 - the Parent has given its prior written consent to the Board calling and holding the special meeting.

Quorum for the Board

D12

- D12.1 Subject to the provisions of Rule D12.2 and D12.3 two Board Members shall form a quorum. The Board with the consent of the Parent, or the Parent, may determine a higher number or impose additional requirements.
- D12.2 The Board will not be quorate unless Board Members who are employees are in a minority.
- D12.3 If the number of Board Members falls below the number necessary for a quorum, the remaining Board Members may continue to act as the Board for a maximum period of six months and the provisions of Rule D12.1 shall be suspended for that time. At the end of that time the only power that the Board may exercise shall be to request the Parent to bring the number of Board Members up to that required by these Rules.
- D12.4 If any Board meeting becomes inquorate the meeting shall be adjourned until a later date, time and place approved by the chair of that meeting. An adjourned Board meeting is a continuation of the original Board meeting and can only deal with matters adjourned from the original Board meeting.

Board Members' interests

D13 No Board Member, co-optee, member of a committee or Officer shall have any financial interest:

- D13.1 personally; or
- D13.2 as a member of a firm; or
- D13.3 as a director or other Officer of a business trading for profit; or

- D13.4 in any other way whatsoever except that there shall be deemed no financial interest in relation to shares except in the circumstances referred to in Rule D19.1; or
- D13.5 in any contract or other transaction with the Association or with any Group Member; or
- D13.6 if such interest would be in breach of, or inconsistent with these Rules or any determination, specification, guidance, standards or codes of guidance, conduct or practice of the Regulator or adopted by the Board.
- D14 Any Board Member, co-optee or member of a committee, having an interest in any arrangement between the Association and someone else shall disclose their interest before the matter is discussed by the Board or any committee.
- D15 Any disclosure under Rule D14 must comply with any code of conduct and/or governance adopted by the Board from time to time. Unless it is expressly permitted by these Rules a person to whom Rule D14 applies shall not remain present (unless requested to do so by the Board or committee) and they shall not have any vote on the matter in question.
- D16 Subject to Rule D17, if a question arises at a meeting of Board Members or of a committee of the Board as to the right of a Board Member, co optee or member of a committee to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the Chair or chair of the committee in the case of a member of a committee, whose ruling in relation to any Board Member, co optee or member of a committee (other than the Chair or chair of the committee) is to be final and conclusive.
- D17 If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the Chair or chair of the committee, the question is to be decided by a decision of the Board Members or members of that committee at that meeting, for which purpose the Chair or chair of the committee is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes.
- D18 Any decision of the Board or of a committee shall not be invalid because of the subsequent discovery of an interest which should have been declared.
- D19 Every Board Member, co-optee and member of a committee shall ensure that the Secretary at all times has a list of:
 - D19.1 all other bodies in which they have an interest as:
 - a director or Officer or senior employee; or
 - a member of a firm; or
 - an official or elected member of any statutory body; or
 - the owner or controller of more than two per cent of a company the shares in which are publicly quoted or more than ten per cent of any other company;
 - D19.2 any Property owned or managed by the Association which they occupy; or
 - D19.3 any other significant or material interest;

which in each case would or could affect any arrangement with the Association or any other Group Member.

D20 If requested by a majority of the Board Members or members of a committee (as appropriate) at a meeting convened specially for the purpose, a Board Member, cooptee or member of a committee (other than a representative of a Group Member) failing to disclose an interest as required by these Rules shall vacate their office either permanently or for a period of time as the Board directs.

D21 The Association may:

- D21.1 pay properly authorised expenses to Board Members, co-optees and members of committees when actually incurred on the Association's business;
- D21.2 pay insurance premiums in respect of insurance under B2.9;
- D21.3 pay reasonable and proper remuneration, fees, allowances or recompense for loss of earnings to Board Members, co-optees and members of committees following appropriate independent advice; and
- D21.4 subject to compliance with Section 122 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008, and subject to compliance with any code of conduct and/or governance adopted by the Board from time to time grant reasonable and proper benefits to Board Members, co-optees and members of committees; and
- D21.5 grant benefits to Board Members, co-optees or members of committees who are beneficiaries which are granted on the same terms and in accordance with the same criteria as they would be granted to any other beneficiary of the Association.
- D22 A Board Member, co-optee or member of a committee shall not be regarded as having an interest for the purpose of Rules D13 to D20 as a Board Member, director or Officer of any other Group Member.
- D23 The Board may, upon such terms as it thinks fit, authorise any matter which would or might, if not so authorised, create, perpetuate or involve a situation where a Board Member's, co-optee's or committee member's duties to a third party may conflict with that Board Member's, co-optee's or committee member's duties to the Association.
 - D23.1 The Board may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time, but this will not affect anything done by the relevant Board Member, co-optee or committee member prior to such revocation or variation which was in accordance with the terms of the prior authorisation.
 - D23.2 Any authorisation given under D23.1 shall only be effective if any quorum requirements for the meeting are met without counting the Board Member, co-optee or committee member in question and (unless the Board decides otherwise) the Board Member, co-optee or committee member in question does not vote on or participate in discussion of the relevant matter.
 - D23.3 A Board Member, co-optee or committee member may, notwithstanding their office, or that such situation or interest may conflict with the interest of or their duties to the Association, be a Board Member, or other Officer of, or employed by or a Resident of, or otherwise interested in any other Group Member or other person approved by the Board (together **permitted third party**).
 - D23.4 A Board Member, co-optee or committee member may make full disclosure of any information relating to the Association or any other Group Member to the Association or any other Group Member (or any other person acting on behalf of any other Group Member, including their advisers) or any other person acting on behalf of a permitted third party. Further, the Board Member, co-optee or committee member may make full disclosure of any information relating to a permitted third party to the Association or, to any person acting on the Association's behalf (including their advisers).
 - D23.5 If a Board Member obtains information which is confidential to a third party, or in respect of which they owe a duty of confidentiality to a third party, or where the disclosure of any confidential information would amount to a

breach of a law or regulation, the Board Member is entitled not to disclose it to the Association or use it in relation to the Association's affairs.

- D23.6 Subject to any applicable law or regulation, the Board may authorise full or partial disclosure of any or all information relating to the Association or any other Group Member to a third party who is not a Group Member on such terms, and in such circumstances, as it thinks fit.
- D23.7 In this Rule D23, a "conflict" means a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties, and "interest" includes both direct and indirect interests.
- D23.8 Board Members, co-optees or members of committees who are Residents of the Association or of any other Group Member shall be deemed not to have an interest for the purpose of Rules D13 to D20 in any decision affecting all or a substantial group of Residents of the Association or such other Group Member.
- D23.9 The grant of a tenancy, licence or lease by the Association or by any other Group Member at the direction of another body or in a way which is not inconsistent with any relevant guidance, determination, specification, standard or codes of practice of the Regulator to a Board Member, co-optee or member of a committee is not the grant of a benefit for the purpose of Rules D13 to D20.

Meetings of the Board

- D24 The Board shall meet at least three times every calendar year. At least seven days' written notice (delivered by hand, or sent by post or Electronic Communication) of the date and place of every Board meeting shall be given by the Secretary to all Board Members and co-optees. The Board may meet on shorter notice where not less than seventy-five per cent of the Board Members so agree.
- D25 Meetings of the Board may be called by the Secretary, or by the Chair, or by two Board Members who give written notice to the Secretary specifying the business to be carried out. The Secretary shall send a written notice to all Board Members and cooptees to the Board as soon as possible after receipt of such a request. Pursuant to the request, the Secretary shall call a meeting on at least seven days' notice but not more than fourteen days' notice to discuss the specified business. If the Secretary fails to call such a meeting then the Chair or two Board Members, whichever is the case, shall call such a meeting.
- D26 Meetings of the Board or a committee can take place in any manner and through any medium which permits those attending to hear and comment on the proceedings. Any person who attends in this manner will be deemed to be present at the meeting whether or not all are assembled in one place.

Management and delegation

- D27 The Board may delegate any powers under written terms of reference to its committees or to Officers or employees or to the Parent or to a body nominated by the Parent provided that the Parent has approved the terms of reference. Those powers shall be exercised in accordance with any written instructions given by the Board.
- D28 The Board may reserve to itself certain significant matters that cannot be delegated to committees or employees.
- D29 The Membership of any committee shall be determined by the Board. Every committee shall include one Board Member or co-optee to the Board. The Parent will appoint the Chair of any committee or determine the procedure for the committee to appoint its own Chair. The Chair shall specify the quorum of each committee.

- D30 All acts and proceedings of any committee shall be reported to the Board.
- D31 No committee can incur expenditure on behalf of the Association unless at least one Board Member or co-optee of the Board on the committee has voted in favour of the resolution and the Board has previously approved a budget for the relevant expenditure.

Miscellaneous provisions

- D32 All decisions taken at a Board or any committee meeting in good faith shall be valid even if it is discovered subsequently that there was a defect in the calling of the meeting, or the appointment of the members at a meeting.
- D33 A resolution sent to all Board Members or all members of a committee and signed, or confirmed by Electronic Communication by three-quarters of the Board Members or three-quarters of the members of a committee shall be as valid and effective as if it had been passed at a properly called and constituted meeting of the Board or committee and may consist of documents in the same form and signed or confirmed by Electronic Communication by one or more persons.
- D34 Meetings of the Board or a committee can take place in any manner and through any medium which permits those attending to hear and comment on the proceedings and whether or not all are assembled in one place.
- D35 Notice may be given to Board Members or members of a committee by hand, post or Electronic Communication at the last address for such communication given to the Secretary. The accidental failure to give notice to a Board Member or member of a committee or the failure of the Board Member or committee member to receive such notice shall not invalidate the proceedings of the Board.
- D36 The Board may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the Association for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his or her powers.

Part E Chair, vice chair, chief executive, Secretary and other Officers

The Chair

- E1 The Association shall have a Chair, who shall chair Board meetings, and shall be appointed by the Parent. The Association may also have a deputy Chair who, in the Chair's absence, shall chair Board meetings and who shall be appointed by the Parent.
- E2 The first item of business for any Board meeting when there is no Chair (or deputy Chair) or the Chair (or deputy Chair) is not present shall be to elect a Chair for the purpose of the meeting. The Chair and deputy Chair shall at all times be a Board Member and cannot be an employee.
- E3 In a case of an equality of votes, the Chair shall have a casting vote.
- E4 The Chair or deputy Chair of the Association may be removed by notice in writing either
 - E4.1 by the Parent; or
 - E4.2 at a Board meeting called for that purpose provided the resolution is passed by at least two-thirds of the Board Members present and voting at the meeting.

The chief executive

E5 The Association may have a chief executive appointed by the Board with the consent of the Parent. The chief executive shall be appointed with a written and signed contract of employment, which shall include a clear statement of the duties of the chief executive.

The Secretary

E6 The Association shall have a Secretary who shall be appointed by the Parent and who may be an employee. The Board may also appoint a deputy Secretary (who may also be an employee) to act as Secretary in the Secretary's absence. The Secretary's duties will be clearly set out in writing and agreed by the Board.

Other Officers

E7 The Board may designate as Officers such other executives, internal auditor and staff of the Association on such terms (including pay) as it from time to time decides.

Miscellaneous

- E8 Every Officer or employee shall be indemnified by the Association for any amount reasonably incurred in the discharge of their duty.
- E9 Except for the consequences of their own dishonesty or negligence no Officer or employee shall be liable for any losses suffered by the Association or any Group Member.
- Part F Financial control and audit

Auditor

- F1 The Association shall appoint an auditor to act in each financial year. They must be gualified as provided by Section 91 of the Act.
- F2 The following cannot act as auditor:
 - F2.1 an Officer or employee of the Association;
 - F2.2 a person employed by or employer of, or the partner of, an Officer or employee of the Association.
- F3 The Association's auditor may be appointed by the Board or by a resolution of Shareholders.
- F4 Where an auditor is appointed to audit the accounts for the preceding year, they shall be re-appointed to audit the current year's as well unless:
 - F4.1 a General Meeting has appointed someone else to act or has resolved that the auditor cannot act; or
 - F4.2 the auditor does not want to act and has told the Association so in writing; or
 - F4.3 the person is not qualified or falls within Rule F2 (above); or
 - F4.4 the auditor has become incapable of acting; or
 - F4.5 notice under Rule F5.1 of intention to pass a resolution to appoint another auditor, or that the auditor shall not act, has been given.

F5

- F5.1 No less than twenty-eight days' notice shall be given for a resolution to appoint another person as auditor, or to forbid a retiring auditor being re-appointed;
- F5.2 the Association shall send a copy of the resolution to the retiring auditor and also give notice to Shareholders at the same time and in the same manner, if possible;
- F5.3 if it is not possible to give the notice referred to in Rule F5.2 as specified in that Rule, the Association shall give notice by advertising in a local newspaper at least 14 days before the proposed meeting. The retiring auditor can make representations to the Association which must be notified to its Shareholders under Section 95 of the Act.

Auditor's duties

- F6 The findings of the auditor shall be reported to the Association, in accordance with Section 87 of the Act.
- F7 The Board shall produce the revenue account and balance sheet audited by the auditor, if required, and the auditor's report, if required, at each annual General Meeting. The Board shall also produce its report on the affairs of the Association which shall be signed by the person chairing the meeting which adopts the report.

Accounting requirements

- F8 The end of the accounting year must be a date allowed by the Registrar.
- F9 The Association shall keep proper books of account detailing its transactions, its assets and its liabilities, in accordance with Sections 75 and 76 of the Act.
- F10 The Association shall establish and maintain satisfactory systems of control of its books of account, its cash and all its receipts and payments.

Annual returns and balance sheets

F11 Every year, within the time period specified by legislation, the Secretary shall send the Association's annual return to the Registrar. The return shall be prepared in accordance with the period specified in the Act, or such other date allowed by the Registrar and shall be lodged within the period required by law. The annual return shall be accompanied by the auditor's report, if required, for the period of the return and the accounts and balance sheets to which it refers.

Borrowing

F12 The total borrowings of the Association at any time shall not exceed £4,000,000,000 (four billion pounds sterling) or such a larger sum as the Association determines from time to time in General Meeting. For the purpose of this Rule F12, at any relevant time, any amount of the Association's borrowings in any currency other than pounds sterling (as may be permitted or not prohibited by the Regulator from time to time) shall be converted to sterling using the exchange rate or rates applicable under the related Derivative Transaction or transactions by which the Association has hedged its exposure to currency exchange rate movements in relation to the principal amount of such borrowings, or in the absence of such a rate or rates (in whole or in part) using the official spot exchange rate or rates recognised by the Bank of England for the conversion of that currency or currency unit into sterling at or about 11:00 on the relevant day.

- F13 The rate of interest payable at the time terms of borrowing are agreed on any money borrowed shall not exceed the rate of interest which, in the opinion of the Board, is reasonable having regard to the terms of the loan. The Board may delegate the determination of the said interest rate within specified limits to an Officer, Board Member or member of a committee or to a representative of the Parent or of a body nominated by the Parent.
- F14
- F14.1 In respect of any proposed borrowing, for the purposes of Rule F12 and in relation to the amount remaining undischarged of any deferred interest or index-linked monies or amounts on any deep discounted security previously borrowed by the Association, the amount of such pre-existing borrowing shall be deemed to be the amount required to repay such pre-existing borrowing in full if such pre-existing borrowing became repayable in full at the time of the proposed borrowing; and
- F14.2 for the purposes of Rule F12 in respect of any proposed borrowing intended to be on deferred interest or index-linked terms or on any deep discounted security the amount of borrowing shall be deemed to be the proceeds of such proposed borrowing receivable by the Association at the time of the proposed borrowing; and
- F14.3 no person dealing in good faith with the Association shall be concerned to know whether Rule F12, F13 or this Rule F14 have been complied with.

Investment

F15 The funds of or monies borrowed by the Association may be invested by the Board in such manner as it determines.

Part G Miscellaneous and statutory

Registered office and name

- G1 The Association's registered office is: 80 Cheapside, London, England EC2V 6EE.
- G2 The Association's registered name must:
 - G2.1 be placed prominently outside every office or place of business; and
 - G2.2 be engraved on its seal; and
 - G2.3 be stated on its business letters, notices, advertisements, official publications, cheques, invoices, website and any other formal corporate communication whether electronic or otherwise.

Disputes

G3 Any dispute on a matter covered by these Rules shall be referred by either party to a suitably qualified independent mediator for settlement. The mediator shall be appointed by agreement between the parties or, in default of agreement, by the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution whether the disagreement be as to the qualifications or the identity of the mediator or otherwise. The mediation will be conducted in accordance with the requirements of the mediator. Both parties will be obliged to comply and co-operate with this procedure at each stage and to share equally the costs of appointment of the relevant mediator as referred to above. Costs thereafter will be borne as the mediator will determine. Where the dispute is not resolved by mediation, any claim shall be dealt with in the county court which shall have sole jurisdiction over any dispute arising under the Rules.

Minutes, seal, registers and books

G4 The minutes of all General Meetings, and all Board and committee meetings shall be recorded, agreed by the relevant subsequent meeting and signed by whoever chairs the meetings and kept safe.

G5

- G5.1 The Secretary shall keep the seal. It shall not be used except under the Board's authority. Where the seal is affixed to a deed, it must be affixed by one Board Member signing and the Secretary countersigning or in such other way as the Board resolves.
- G5.2 The Association shall also have an official seal for use for sealing securities issued by the Association and the sealing of documents creating or evidencing securities. The official seal is a facsimile of the Association's common seal with the addition on its face of the word "securities". Any document to which the official seal is affixed need not be signed by any person.
- G5.3 The Board may in the alternative authorise the execution of deeds in any other way permitted by law.
- The Association must keep at its registered office:
 - G6.1 the Register of Shareholders showing:
 - the names and addresses of all the Shareholders; and
 - a statement of all the shares held by each Shareholder and the amount paid for them; and
 - a statement of other Property in the Association held by the Shareholder; and
 - the date that each Shareholder was entered in the Register of Shareholders;
 - G6.2 a duplicate Register of Shareholders showing the names and addresses of Shareholders and the date they became Shareholders;
 - G6.3 a register of the names and addresses of the Officers, their offices and the dates on which they assumed those offices as well as a duplicate;
 - G6.4 a register of holders of any loan and any loan stock (and any transfers of them);
 - G6.5 a register of mortgages and charges on land; and
 - G6.6 a copy of the Rules of the Association.
- G7 The Association must display a copy of its latest balance sheet and auditor's report at its registered office.
- G8 The Association shall give to all Shareholders on request copies of its last annual return with the auditor's report on the accounts contained in the return, free of charge.
- G9 The Secretary shall give a copy of these Rules to any person on demand who pays such reasonable sum as permitted by law.

Statutory applications to the Registrar

- G10 Ten Shareholders can apply to the Registrar to appoint an accountant to inspect the books of the Association, provided all ten have been Shareholders of the Association for a twelve-month period immediately before their application.
- G11 The Shareholders may apply to the Registrar in order to get the affairs of the Association inspected or to call a special General Meeting. One hundred Shareholders, or one-tenth of the Shareholders, whichever is the lesser, must make the application.

Amendment of Rules

G12

- G12.1 The Rules of the Association may be rescinded or amended but not so as to stop the Association being a charity, and not without the prior consent of the Regulator where such consent is required under the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and not without the consent of the Parent.
- G12.2 The Rules may only be amended by a resolution put before the Shareholders by the Board.
- G12.3 Rules A2; A3; A4; B1; B2; B3; D12; G12 and G14 can only be amended or rescinded by way of a written resolution or by three-fourths of the votes cast at a General Meeting. Any other Rule can be rescinded or amended by two-thirds of the votes cast at a General Meeting or by way of a written resolution.
- G12.4 Amended Rules shall be registered with the Registrar as soon as possible after the amendment has been made. An amended Rule is not valid until it is registered.
- G12.5 A copy of the amended Rules shall be sent to the Regulator as soon as possible after registration by the Registrar.

Dissolution

G13 The Association may be dissolved by a three-fourths majority of Shareholders who sign an instrument of dissolution in the prescribed format or by winding-up under the Act.

G14

- G14.1 Any Property that remains, after the Association is wound-up or dissolved and all debts and liabilities dealt with, the Shareholders may resolve to give or transfer to another charitable body with objects similar to those of the Association.
- G14.2 If no such institution exists, the Property shall be transferred or given to the Housing Associations Charitable Trust.
- G14.3 If the Association is registered as a provider of Social Housing with the Regulator any transfer or gift must be in compliance with the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 or any other relevant legal and regulatory provisions which exist from time to time.

Interpretation of terms

G15

In these Rules, including this Rule, unless the subject matter or context is inconsistent:

- G15.1 words importing the singular or plural shall include the plural and singular respectively;
- G15.2 words importing gender shall include the male and female genders;
- G15.3 **Amendment of Rules** shall include the making of a new Rule and the rescission of a Rule, and "amended" in relation to Rules shall be construed accordingly;
- G15.4 the Act shall mean the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014;
- G15.5 the Association shall mean the Association of which these are the registered Rules;
- G15.6 **Board** shall mean the Board appointed in accordance with Part D and **Board Member** or shall mean a member of the Board for the time being but shall not include a person co-opted to the Board under Rule D7;
- G15.7 **Chair** shall mean the person appointed as Chair in accordance with Rule E1 and where applicable shall include the vice Chair;
- G15.8 **Clear Days**, in respect of notice for a meeting, shall mean a period calculated excluding both (1) the day on which any notice or communication is deemed to be received under these Rules and (2) the date of the meeting;
- G15.9 **Derivative Transaction** means any transaction which is a forward, swap, future, option or other derivative on one or more rates, currencies, commodities, equity securities or other equity instruments, debt securities or other debt instruments, economic indices or measures of economic risk or value, or other benchmarks against which payments or deliveries are to be made, or any combination of these transactions;
- G15.10 Electronic Communication shall have the meaning set out in section 148 of the Act;
- G15.11 **General Meeting** shall mean a General Meeting of the Association's Shareholders called and held in accordance with Rules C15-29;
- G15.12 **Group Member** means the Association, each subsidiary of the Association, any body corporate of which the Association is a subsidiary and any subsidiary of such body corporate and for this purpose "subsidiary" has the meaning within the Act and/or the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and/or the Companies Act 2006;
- G15.13 notice shall be deemed to have been received by a person:
 - if posted by first class post at least two business days (meaning Monday to Friday but excluding bank holidays) after being posted;
 - (2) if sent by Electronic Communication one hour after transmission provided that no transmission notification of non-delivery or error has been received by the person transmitting the communication and the

transmission is to the Electronic Communication address or number last notified by that person to the Secretary;

- (3) if delivered by hand, on delivery to the person's address last notified by that person to the Secretary;
- G15.14 **Officer** shall include the Chair and Secretary of the Association and any Board Member for the time being and such other persons as the Board may appoint under Rule E7;
- G15.15 **Parent** means Places for People Group Limited a company limited by guarantee in England (No. 03777037) whose registered office is at 80 Cheapside, London, England EC2V 6EE;
- G15.16 **Property** shall include all real and personal estate (including loan stock certificates, books and papers);
- G15.17 **Register of Shareholders** means the register kept in accordance with Rule G6.1;
- G15.18 **Registrar** means the Financial Conduct Authority or any statutory successor to or any assignee of any or all of its relevant functions from time to time;
- G15.19 **Regulator** means the Regulator of Social Housing acting through its Regulation Committee established pursuant to the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 or any future body or authority (including any statutory successor) carrying on similar regulatory or supervisory functions;
- G15.20 **Resident** means a person who alone or jointly with others holds a tenancy, lease or licence to occupy the Association's premises or the premises of any other Group Member for residential use;
- G15.21 **Secretary** means the Officer appointed by the Board to be the Secretary of the Association or other person authorised by the Board to act as the Secretary's deputy;
- G15.22 **Shareholders** shall mean one of the persons referred to in Rule C3 and means member as defined by the Act;
- G15.23 **Social Housing** means low cost rental accommodation and low cost home ownership accommodation as defined in sections 68 to 77 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008;
- G15.24 **Special Resolution** means a resolution at a General Meeting passed by a two-thirds majority of all Shareholders who vote in person or by proxy;
- G15.25 **these Rules** shall mean the registered Rules of the Association for the time being; and
- G15.26 references to any provision in any Act shall include reference to such provision as from time to time amended, varied, replaced, extended or reenacted and to any orders or regulations made under such provision.

CO-OPERATIVE AND COMMUNITY BENEFIT SOCIETIES ACT 2014

Acknowledgement of Registration of Society

Register NoR				
PLACES FOR PEOPLE LIVING + Limited				
is this day registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.				
Dated				
Copy kept				
1 M-BEODTMAN Shareholder				
2 A. CLEAL Shareholder				
B C A Shalling C-PHILLIPS C A A				
C. P. MARTIN				

×.