Derwent Housing Association Limited

Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended

31st March 2020

Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act No. 18127 R Regulator of Social Housing Registered No. L0715

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Derwent Housing Association Limited EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS for the year ended 31 March 2020

BOARD

S Brain England OBE (Chair) (resigned 31 July 2019) P Egan (resigned 13 November 2019) M Gildea (resigned 31 July 2019) R Hopkin (resigned 31 July 2019) J Lloyd (resigned 30 September 2019) P McCormack (resigned 31 March 2020) R Docker (Chair) (appointed 18 July 2019) D Good (appointed 18 July 2019) Y Taylor (appointed 18 July 2019) G Kitchen (appointed 1 October 2019) D Marriott -Lavery (13 November 2019)

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

P McCormack (Chief Executive) (resigned 31 March 2020)

SECRETARY AND HEAD OFFICE

C Martin Places for People 80 Cheapside London EC2V 6EE

PRINCIPAL SOLICITORS

Devonshires Solicitors 30 Finsbury Circus London EC2M 7DT

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Barclays Plc 3 Hardman Street Spinningfields Manchester M3 3HF

AUDITOR

KPMG LLP Chartered Accountants One Snowhill Snowhill Queensway Birmingham B4 6GH The directors submit their report and the financial statements of Derwent Housing Association Limited ("the Association") and it's group of companies. The Association registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, for the year ended 31 March 2020. The Association is also a Public Benefit Entity as defined in FRS 102.

Strategic Report

Derwent Housing Association has taken the exemption allowed in the statement of recommended practice for registered social housing providers to not include a strategic report as this is prepared for the Places for People Group and is included in the annual report which is available to the public and may be obtained from Places for People Group Limited, 80 Cheapside, London, EC2V 6EE

Operating and Financial Review

Overview

The Association is a Registered Provider based in Derby. As note 26 to the Financial Statements indicates, the Association has a diverse social housing stock that is located in an area from Milton Keynes in the south to Sheffield in the north. The student business is operated nationally.

Business is principally carried out through the parent company, Derwent Housing Association Limited which has a housing division that covers management, maintenance and customer services for all stock except student schemes which are managed by Derwent Facilities Management Limited.

At 31 March 2020 the Association's business comprised five companies as follows:

Derwent Housing Association Limited (Parent) Centro Place Investments Limited Derwent Facilities Management Limited (a subsidiary of Centro Place Investments Limited) Derwent Community Housing Association Limited Centro Place Management Limited

The diversity of the Association's stock reflects the concern identified by the Board in the mid-1990's that the business was entirely dependent upon public subsidy to be effective. It has since pursued commercial activities alongside its affordable housing business, which has allowed it to deliver significant numbers of affordable housing properties without public subsidy.

Joining the Places for People Group in December 2016 has enabled the Association to improve its projected supply of new homes over the coming years. 200 plus new properties were handed over in the year, with a further 775 forecast for delivery over the next 3 years.

The business provides on campus student accommodation under the Uliving brand. The Association's role is the provision of facilities management and life cycle maintenance services through Derwent Facilities Management Limited.

In March 2020 the Association updated the three year rolling business plan. Targets focus around five main areas.

Priority 1 – Our Customers

Ensure our tenancies are sustainable and profitable
Develop our online systems to provide effortless customer service, directing our customers to self-serve where possible
Continue to support our customers and develop our services to respond to the Welfare Reform agenda

Priority 2 – Our Property

Ensure our assets are protected, performing well and fully comply with key regulatory and statutory standards
Deliver excellent value for money property services

Priority 3– Our Technology

Devise an optimal Information Communication Technology strategy in line with Project Synergy

Priority 4 – Our Business Performance

Improve operating margin

Priority 5– Our Growth and Development Provide 775 new homes over three years

Employees and Equality and Diversity

The Association considers that employee involvement is essential to its continuing success and uses a variety of methods to inform, consult and involve its employees. In addition, the Association has a comprehensive training and development policy.

The Association is committed to achieving equality through diversity and its policies and strategies recognise that all people have the right to their own distinctive and diverse identity. The Association recognises it has an obligation to make services more responsive to communities and individual needs, and aims to meet these diverse needs by having a diverse workforce that reflects the local population and has the skills and understanding to achieve the service objectives. The Association has taken positive steps to adopt good policy and practice in employing people with disabilities and holds the Positive About Disability award.

Customers

The Association aims to create social, economic and environmental sustainability within our communities through resident involvement. The organisation is committed to working with customers so they can play a key role in service delivery and governance, and this has been given clear focus through the business plan. Customers are encouraged to become involved in tenant and resident associations on developments, and have the potential to become active at a more strategic level through membership of the Resident Scrutiny Panel. There are other opportunities for residents to influence our service delivery through topic-based focus groups and consultation exercises. Key active customers are also involved in staff training activities.

Suppliers

The Association seeks to provide a high level of customer service, and recognises this cannot be achieved without the support of key suppliers who also have much face-to-face contact with our customers. The Association has entered into contracts with suppliers who share our expectations about service standards, and performance against these standards forms part of the contracts. The Association's customers formed part of the groups involved in selecting the partner organisations.

The Association continues to use internal suppliers, now utilising the cleaning service from the Group, adding to the already used landscaping function and the maintenance division.

The Association is determined to achieve value for money from its relationships with suppliers and has reduced significantly the number of suppliers with whom it deals in order to maximise the potential for benefits. The Association uses Group contacts in an attempt to obtain the best value, however where local suppliers can meet the requirements at a lesser cost they are utilised. The effectiveness of our procurement remains a key priority within the business plan.

Environment

When property component replacements are undertaken they are done so with a view of improving energy efficiency and lowering emissions.

Value for money

The Association's strategy is aligned to that of the parent company Places for People Group Limited. As such the Financial Viability Statement and Value for Money information appropriate to the Association can be found in the Group financial statements which can be obtained from the Group's registered office at 80 Cheapside, London, EC2V 6EE.

Operating Review

An updated business plan was produced, covering three years from 2020 to 2023. This plan, as detailed elsewhere in the report, focuses on improving customer satisfaction, developing new homes and managing costs in order to continue to improve operating margin. Over the course of the three year plan both operating margin and profitability are forecast to show improvements.

Treasury activity is now undertaken by the Places for People Group, with the Association obtaining all new funding through the Group Treasury function.

Core social housing business continues to be profitable with effeciencies achieved from joining the Places for People group only strengthening this position. An intensive major repair programme is being undertaken to ensure stock remains at the required standard. The development programme is going from strength to strength, with in excess of 200 properties being handed over during the year. A further 775 properties will be developed within the next three years.

Value for money metrics have been completed, which again demonstrate the Association operationally performing well with the operating cost per unit at \pounds 1,890 (2019 \pounds 2,102).

Derwent Facilities Management Limited had another profitable year, despite the loss of a number of key contracts. A business plan has been formulated which continues to demonstrate profit growth, despite a challenging environment.

Risk

The Association regularly reviews its principal risks. The Board reviews risk on an annual basis.

The Places for People Group Treasury Policy reduces financing risks for the Association. Board strategy seeks to minimise key risks on rental income by minimising reliance on welfare benefits, on commercial activity by taking more equity investment and management options and by keeping the business as simple and focused as possible.

Derwent Housing Association Limited REPORT OF THE BOARD for the year ended 31 March 2020

The key risks likely to affect the ability of the Association to meet its corporate objectives include: the coronavirus (Covid 19) outbreak, welfare reform and the introduction of Voluntary Right to Buy, data integrity, failure to maintain existing stock to the required standard, price inflation, loss of key staff, failure to meet regulatory requirements in such areas as gas safety and fire safety compliance, the development and maintenance of a robust assets and liabilities register, and risks associated with commercial activity such as the failure of Derwent Facilities Management Limited, Centro Place Investments Limited investments in the Uliving joint ventures, the 15-year rent guarantee on the Alumno student scheme in Glasgow, Derwent Facilities Management Limited's life cycle maintenance risks on key contracts, and the demand for student accommodation.

The most recent condition survey confirms that the stock is in good order and we have effective repairs strategies to maintain this including, where deemed appropriate, some disposals of properties. Uliving stock condition obligations have been fully assessed and are regularly tested.

On internal controls, the Board receives assurance via internal and external audits, as well as governance reviews, management controls and the enforcement of financial regulations, which are now aligned with those of the Places for People Group.

Welfare reform risk has been partly mitigated by the fact that only 49% of tenants receive housing benefit. This is around the strategy and business plan target to let to more tenants that are in employment rather than claiming benefit thus reducing the percentage of tenants claiming housing benefit. Therefore this should result in, a better profile of customer, less universal credit claims, and less impact of welfare reform.

In respect of the coronavirus (Covid-19) outbreak, there is an unprecedented level of uncertainty in world markets and a lack of a consensus view of the path of Covid-19. The Places for People Group has identified three key risks areas:

Liquidity: A reduction in rents collected from residents unable to work or local authorities failing to pay housing benefits in full and/or on time; a reduction in revenues; and a reduction in the volume and value of new home sales could put pressure on the Group's ability to meet its obligations.

Health and Safety: Protecting our workforce, in particular those classed as 'key workers', and customers, in particular our most vulnerable customers, during the outbreak is a key focus. If this is not achieved, there could be considerable social and economic costs resulting from staff becoming ill with Covid-19 or self-isolating, risking staff shortages and the inability of the Group to deliver services as required.

Business continuity: A lack of an available and suitably protected workforce, contractors, or essential components could lead to an inability to deliver key services.

The Places for People Group has addressed these risks accordingly; colleagues have access to information and support using our Employee Assistance Programme, covering not just Covid-19 concerns but also providing mental health and wellbeing support throughout this period of uncertainty. As part of our liquidity risk mitigation the Group undertakes challenging stress testing to provide confidence in our ability to withstand significant reductions in income. The testing has shown that if the Group were to have no sales or rental income for six months the liquidity position would still be sufficient to meet the Treasury Policy of at least 12 months' forward funding. This testing ensured we were in a strong position going into the Covid-19 pandemic and, while we continue to monitor the situation as it evolves, we are able to meet all obligations as they fall due even in severe scenarios. Cotman Housing is part of the Group is relevant for Cotman Housing. The risks identified and mitigating actions in place in respect of the current Covid-19 outbreak are considered to apply in the event of subsequent waves of Covid-19 or to any similar pandemics threatening health and economic activity in the future.

STATEMENT OF BOARD'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Association's principal accounting policies are set out on pages 29 to 38 of the financial statements.

The Board is responsible for preparing the Board's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Co-operative and Community Benefit Society law requires the Board to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under those regulations the Board have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of its income and expenditure for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Board is required to:

- * select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- * make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- * state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- * assess the association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- * use the going concern basis of accounting unless it either intends to liquidate the association or to cease operations; or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board is responsible for keeping proper books of account that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the association and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2019. It is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and has general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the association and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Board is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the association's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Derwent Housing Association Limited is governed by a Board, ultimately responsible for the control of the Association, including the determination of its overall strategic policies. Day-to-day operational control of the Association is delegated to the Interim Managing Director (previously the Chief Executive).

The Board comprises non-executive Members from a wide variety of disciplines. All non-executive Members are deemed to be independent with the exception of Pat Egan, who was an executive director of the Places for People Group, Debi Marriott-Lavery, who is an executive director of the Places for People Group, Jon Lloyd, who was a non-executive director of the Places for People Group and Graham Kitchen, who is a non executive director of the Places for People Group. It meets formally at least every three months.

Directors' attendance at board meeting, in relation to the number of meetings held, during the year ended 31 March 2020 was as follows:

Board Member	DHA	CPI	DCHA	DFM
S Brain England	2/2	N/A	2/2	N/A
P Egan	3/3	N/A	N/A	N/A
D Marriott-Lavery	0/1	N/A	N/A	N/A
M Gildea	2/2	2/2	2/2	2/2
R Hopkin	1/2	1/2	N/A	1/2
J Lloyd	1/2	N/A	N/A	N/A
P McCormack	4/4	1/1	4/4	N/A
R Docker	2/2	N/A	2/2	N/A
D Good	2/2	2/2	N/A	2/2
Y Taylor	2/2	2/2	N/A	2/2
G Kitchen	2/2	N/A	N/A	N/A
M T Rickards	N/A	N/A	4/4	N/A
R Cookson	N/A	N/A	4/4	N/A
J Boucher	N/A	3/3	N/A	4/4

We have adopted the UK Corporate Code of Governance as the Code of Governance for Derwent Housing Association. Whilst our non-charitable subsidiaries are not required to comply with the Code, they undertake to adhere to the spirit of the Code. We comply with the Code of Governance in all material aspects and the RSH's Governance and Financial Viability Standard.

The Association has complied with the UK Corporate Governance Code (the Code) (2018 version) except for Code provisions 3, 4, 5 and 18.

Provisions 3, 4, and 18 contemplate dialogue with external shareholders or decisions being referred to shareholders on matters of director appointments, auditor appointments, director remuneration and the use of the AGM to communicate with investors.

The Association does not have external shareholders in the sense contemplated by the Code and therefore it addresses the need for scrutiny and evaluation through the board or an appropriate standing committee of the board and it engages with investors through a series of roadshow meetings and through an annual investors forum. In relation to committee structures the Association relies on Group Board level committees, described below, to perform these relevant functions.

The Group has an Audit & Risk Committee, a Remuneration Committee, a Nominations & Governance Committee, a Development, Investment & Regeneration Committee and a Treasury Committee. The remit of those committees extends to the Association and its business. The committees draw members from and report

to the Group Board and there are members (non-executive and executive) of the Group Board who are also members of the board of the Association, ensuring that information from the committees reaches the Association's board. In this way, the provisions of the Code are met in respect of the Association.

Provision 5 states that the board should understand the views of other key stakeholders and describe in the annual report how their interests and the matters set out in section 172 (duty to promote the success of the company) of the Companies Act 2006 (the 2006 Act) have been considered in board discussions and decision-making. The Association is a registered society rather than a company and so the specific reporting requirements under section 172 of the 2006 Act do not apply to it. However, the Association's parent company, Places for People Group Limited, publishes consolidated group accounts which do contain a section 172 statement within its Strategic report. That statement addresses the issue of identification of key stakeholders and engagement with their views across the whole Group including the Association.

Provision 5 also prescribes the options for workforce engagement. The board has concluded that its methods for engagement described in the People section of Group's Annual report are effective and more suited to the Group's overall needs than any of the Code's prescribed mechanisms.

The Group Annual report contains a Governance report that details the governance arrangements of the Group, and how the Code is applied at Group Board level.

Board members consider the report and accounts, taken as a whole, to be fair, balanced and understandable.

Derwent Housing Association Limited REPORT OF THE BOARD

for the year ended 31 March 2020

GOING CONCERN AND VIABILITY STATEMENT

The going concern assessment considers whether it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The global Covid-19 pandemic has introduced significant levels of uncertainty into most businesses. The Board are paying close attention to the evolving situation and to mitigating the risks for the Group and have assessed the going concern in light of the risks raised by the pandemic.

At 31 March 2020 the Places for People Group (Group) had cash and undrawn facilities of £918.3m. The Group continues to actively manage its cash flows in order to mitigate any reductions in income.

The Group has reviewed all of its business forecasts and projections and has produced a revised business plan for the year ending 31 March 2021. Although the full impact of Covid-19 is still unknown, the Group has produced its forecasts on the latest information and experience in the markets in which it operates. In addition to the reviewed forecasts, the directors have also undertaken stress testing on these forecasts to understand the impact of an increasing severity of the implications from the pandemic.

The directors have reviewed the projected cash flows and the compliance with debt covenants of the Group and have overlaid a number of scenarios reflecting the potential impact of the Covid-19 pandemic. These scenarios include a 10% reduction in rent received for 12 months and a 5% reduction in rent for the following 12 months, no property sales for the remainder of the year with a 20% price reduction for the following 12 months and leisure centres to remain closed until 31 March 2021 with a phased re-opening over the following 12 months. As a result of these assumptions, and before any cost reductions are applied, management believe the liquidity of the Group at 31 March 2021 would be £566m and £346m at 31 March 2022 if the Group did not raise any additional finance to that which is currently available.

Derwent Housing Association is part of the Guarantor Group and accesses funding from this Group pool, therefore the liquidity position of the Group supports the going concern assumption for the Association.

On the basis described above, the directors consider it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The UK Corporate Governance Code requires the directors to make a statement with regard to the viability of the Group. This requires consideration of solvency and liquidity over a longer period than the going concern assessment. The Group's strategic plan covers a 10-year period, over which the directors have made assumptions regarding revenues, operating costs and cash requirements.

The projections for the first three years of the plan are based on current opportunities and include an expectation of the rental incomes. There is inherently less certainty in the projections from years four to ten. Consistent with prior years, the directors have therefore determined that three years is an appropriate period for this viability statement.

Derwent Housing Association Limited REPORT OF THE BOARD for the year ended 31 March 2020

In assessing the Group's prospects and resilience, the management produced projections which considered the current business position and risk appetite. Despite the rent reductions imposed by the Government on social housing rents which came to an end in 2020, the Group has continued to undertake rigorous single and multi-variate stress testing exercises on its projections, which have included considering the impact of challenging economic conditions including a downturn in the housing market. The results confirmed that the Group would continue to be able to settle projected liabilities as they fall due over a three-year period.

This year, the directors have also considered specifically the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic. This is considered a principal risk given the more immediate nature of the situation, has been considered in more detail within the shorter term going concern considerations above. While the impacts of Covid-19 may well be felt in the longer as well as the shorter term, the prospects of economic recovery taking place after the severe economic shock modelled in the going concern assessment period is complete, are considered strong. The directors have considered several different severe yet plausible scenarios including potentially challenging outcomes such as considerable reductions in turnover. The directors also considered additional impacts, such as restrictions in supply chains, and were satisfied that measures were in place to mitigate significant risks to the Group's operations. The stress testing again demonstrated the ability of the Group to continue to operate effectively.

Having assessed the prospects of the Group and association, including the current funding, forecast requirements and existing committed borrowing facilities, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group and association will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the period to March 2023.

In making this statement the directors understand that there is inherent uncertainty in all business planning and therefore as a result it is not possible to take into account every risk and eventuality that the Group may face. The Board is satisfied that the stress testing that is performed on the business plan includes all of the major risks that the Group and association may face and therefore provides strong assurance of the Group's financial viability.

COMPOSITION AND ROLE OF THE BOARD

The Board has a formal schedule of matters reserved for its decision, which includes overall strategy and future development, corporate structure, policy setting, allocation of financial resources, major acquisitions and disposals, annual budgets, annual results, treasury and risk management.

The Board conducts an annual review of its performance using a structured framework to assess key areas such as the boards' relationship with key stakeholders, risk management and performance management. As part of this annual review, board members are invited to provide feedback on the Chair's performance. The conclusion of the latest annual review is that the Board is effective. The Chair also holds annual 121s with all board members. It is not deemed that the Chair has any significant commitments which will impact on the role.

Responsibility for the Association's day-to-day operations is delegated to the senior management team who report through the Interim Managing Director.

Remuneration paid to board members in the period was as follows;

S Brain England OBE (Chair) (resigned 31 July 2019)- £6,375 M Gildea (resigned 31 July 2019) - £2,550 R Hopkin - (resigned 31 July 2019) - £3,333 R Docker (Chair) (appointed 18 July 2019) - £4,553 D Good (appointed 18 July 2019) - £2,820 Y Taylor (appointed 18 July 2019) - £2,820

J Lloyd and G Kitchen; as non exective directors of the Places for People Group details of their remuneration are included in the group accounts of Places for People Group Limited.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The executive directors of the Association who served during the year are as follows:

P McCormack (Chief Executive) (resigned 31 March 2020)

The executive director acts as an executive within the authority delegated by the Board. The detailed scrutiny and performance, the development of policy and procedures and expenditure approvals within budget are carried out by the executive officers.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

The Board is ultimately responsible for the business's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board confirms that there is an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the business, that has been in place throughout the year under review and up to the date of approval of the annual report and consolidated financial statements, and that this process is regularly reviewed by the Board and is in accordance with best practice.

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal control. In particular, it has reviewed and updated the process for identifying and evaluating the significant risks affecting the business and the policies and procedures by which this risk is managed.

Management is responsible for the identification and evaluation of significant risks applicable to their areas of business together with the design and operation of suitable internal controls. These risks are assessed on a continual basis and may be associated with a variety of internal or external sources including control breakdowns, disruption in information systems, competition, natural catastrophe and regulatory requirements. Management reports regularly to the Board on its review of risks.

A control self-assessment and hierarchical reporting routine has been established which provides for a documented and auditable trail of accountability. This routine is applied across all functions, and provides for successive assurances to be given at increasingly higher levels of management and finally to the Board. Internal auditors also provide a degree of assurance as to the operation and validity of the system of internal control, and review the business's risk management processes as part of their brief.

The Interim Managing Director (previously the Chief Executive) reports to the Board on significant changes in the business and the external environment which affect key risks.

THE BOARD AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The Board and the executive officer of the Association are listed on page 1.

Each member of the Board holds one fully paid share of $\pounds 1$ in the Association.

DONATIONS

Charitable donations from the Association of £nil were made in the period (2019: £nil).

AUDITOR

A resolution to reappoint KPMG LLP as auditor will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

rker

R Docker Chair

5th August 2020

Registered office 80 Cheapside London EC2V 6EE

Derwent Housing Association Limited

Statement of Board's responsibilities in respect of the Board's report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

The Board is responsible for preparing the Board's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Co-operative and Community Benefit Society law requires the Board to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under those regulations the Board have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Association and of the income and expenditure of the group and the Association for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Board is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless it either intends to liquidate the association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board is responsible for keeping proper books of account that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the association and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2019. It is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and has general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the association and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Board is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Association's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Derwent Housing Association Limited

Statement of Board's responsibilities in respect of the Board's report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Disclosure of information to Auditors

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this statement confirm, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Association's independent auditors are unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps he/she ought to have taken as Director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Association's independent auditors are aware of that information.

Approved by the board and signed on its behalf by;

R Docker (Chair)

5th August 2020



Independent auditor's report to Derwent Housing Association Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Derwent Housing Association Limited ("the association") for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the Group and Association Statements of Comprehensive Income, Group and Association Statements of Financial Position, Group and Association Statements of Changes in Reserves, Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, and related notes, including the accounting policies.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*, of the state of affairs of the group and the association as at 31 March 2020 and of the income and expenditure of the group and the association for the year then ended;
- comply with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2019.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the group and the association in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The association's Board has prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the group or the association or to cease their operations, and as they have concluded that the group and the association's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over their ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the Board's conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the group's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the group and association's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the group or the association will continue in operation.

Other information

The association's Board is responsible for the other information, which comprises the Report of the Board. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work, we have not identified material misstatements in the other information.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the association has not kept proper books of account; or
- the association has not maintained a satisfactory system of control over transactions; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the association's books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we need for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Board's responsibilities

As more fully explained in their statement set out on page 14, the association's Board is responsible for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view; such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the group and the association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it either intends to liquidate the group or the association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the association in accordance with section 87 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and section 128 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the association those matters we are required to state to it in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the association as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Harry Mears for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square London E14 5GL 24 September 2020

Derwent Housing Association Limited CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 31 March 2020

		GROUP ASSOCIAT			ATION
	Notes	Year to 31.03.2020	Restated Year to 31.03.2019	Year to 31.03.2020	Restated Year to 31.03.2019
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
TURNOVER	1	68,540	62,927	57,257	53,003
Operating costs	1	(44,539)	(38,968)	(33,950)	(30,726)
Gains on disposal of fixed assets	1&3	1,795	2,472	1,795	2,472
Movment in fair value of Investment Properties	1 & 11	21,908	14	21,908	14
OPERATING SURPLUS		47,704	26,445	47,010	24,763
Share of operating surplus of joint ventures Investment income receivable Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	1b 6a 6b 7	125 1,123 34 (17,509)	151 622 38 (17,172)	- 349 (17,475)	- 318 (17,144)
SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		31,477	10,084	29,884	7,937
Taxation charge on surplus on ordinary activities	9	(1,705)	(736)	(1,400)	(602)
TOTAL INCOME FOR THE YEAR		29,772	9,348	28,484	7,335
SHPS opening balance adjustment on initial recognition Actuarial gain or loss on defined benefit	19(d)	-	(2,507)	-	(2,507)
scheme	19(d)	1,075	758	1,075	758
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		30,847	7,599	29,559	5,586

The surplus for the year arises from the Group's and the Association's continuing activities

The financial statements on pages 25 to 75 were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 5th August 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

R Docker Chair of the Board

C Martin Company Secretary

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D Marriott -Lavery Director

Derwent Housing Association Limited CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 31 March 2020

		GRO	UP	ASSOCIATION		
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	Notes	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	
FIXED ASSETS Tangible Fixed Assets		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
- Housing properties	10	533,863	514,172	522,597	503,113	
- Other tangible fixed assets	12	2,958	2,961	2,898	2,896	
Investment properties	11	71,691	48,764	71,691	48,764	
Fixed asset investments	14	9,458	7,917	-	-	
Subsidiary undertakings	15	-	-	5,085	5,085	
		617,970	573,814	602,271	559,858	
CURRENT ASSETS	-					
Properties held for sale	16	2,747	5,857	2,747	5,857	
Inventory	17	170	134	-	-	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	17	9,644 5 804	12,181	15,264	16,976	
Cash at bank and in hand	-	5,804	8,421	3,187	4,464	
		18,365	26,593	21,198	27,297	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	18	(37,693)	(29,876)	(35,838)	(27,074)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	-	(19,328)	(3,283)	(14,640)	223	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	598,642	570,531	587,631	560,081	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	19a	(506,398)	(509,134)	(503,282)	(505,291)	
NET ASSETS	_	92,244	61,397	84,349	54,790	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	=					
Share capital (non-equity) Revenue reserve	21	- 92,244	- 61,397	- 84,349	- 54,790	
	-	92,244	61,397	84,349	54,790	

The financial statements on pages 25 to 75 were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 5th August 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

R Docker Chair of the Board

C Martin Company Secretary

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D Marriott -Lavery Director

Derwent Housing Association Limited STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES

for the year ended 31 March 2020

	Share capital	GROUP Revenue reserve	Total	Share capital	ASSOCIATIO Revenue reserve	N Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance as at 1 April 2019	-	61,397	61,397	-	54,790	54,790
Surplus for the year	-	30,847	30,847	-	29,559	29,559
Total comprehensive income for the year		30,847	30,847		29,559	29,559
Balance as at 31 March 2020		92,244	92,244		84,349	84,349

Derwent Housing Association Limited CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 31 March 2020

	Notes	Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	24	27.045	04.051
Cash generated from operations Income taxes paid	24a	37,845 (1,377)	24,971 (1,470)
neone axes pare		(1,577)	(1,170)
NET INCOME FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		36,468	23,501
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of housing property and construction cost		(24,969)	(17,789)
Purchase of other tangible fixed assets		(203)	(67)
Disposal of investment properties Net proceeds on disposal of properties		(1,019) 4,234	243 4,066
Interest received		4,234	4,000
Investment income received		1,319	647
NET CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(20,604)	(12,862)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Interest paid		(16,995)	(16,526)
Proceeds of new borrowings Repayments of borrowings		17,818 (19,304)	22,500 (14,275)
NET CASH GENERATED/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(18,481)	(8,301)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(2,617)	2,338
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		8,421	6,083
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD		5,804	8,421

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LEGAL STATUS

Derwent Housing Association Limited is registered under the Co-Operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. The address of the Association's registered office is 80 Cheapside, London, EC2V 6EE.

The Group's principal activities can be found within the Report of the Board section of the financial statements.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

These statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) including FRS 102, the Statement of Recommended Practice, "Accounting by Registered Social Landlords 2018" (SORP 2018), the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2019.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of non-core freehold housing and fair value of derivatives.

Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest whole £1,000, except where otherwise indicated.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of Derwent Housing Association Limited and all of its subsidiary undertakings for the year.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, contingent consideration and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are initially measured at fair value at the acquisition date. The excess of the purchase price of a business combination and the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill.

Where the non-controlling interest of a consolidated subsidiary is purchased the fair value of the consideration paid is recognised directly in equity.

All group companies employ consistent accounting policies for the purposes of the consolidated financial statements.

GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The Places for People Group (Group) has reviewed all of its business forecasts and projections and has produced a revised 10-year business plan for the year ending 31 March 2021 this was approved by the Board in August 2020. Although the full impact of Covid-19 is still unknown, the Group has produced its forecasts on the latest information and experience in the markets in which it operates. In addition to the reviewed forecasts, the directors have also undertaken stress testing on these forecasts to understand the impact of an increasing severity of the implications from the pandemic.

The directors have reviewed the projected cash flows and the compliance with debt covenants of the Group and have overlaid a number of scenarios reflecting the potential impact of the Covid-19 pandemic. These scenarios include a 10% reduction in rent received for 12 months and a 5% reduction in rent for the following 12 months, no property sales for the remainder of the year with a 20% price reduction for the following 12 months and leisure centres to remain closed until 31 March 2021 with a phased re-opening over the following 12 months. As a result of these assumptions, and before any cost reductions are applied, management believe the liquidity of the Group at 31 March 2021 would be \pounds 566m and \pounds 346m at 31 March 2022 if the Group did not raise any additional finance to that which is currently available.

Derwent Housing Association is part of the Guarantor Group and can access funding from this Group pool, therefore the liquidity position of the Group supports the going concern assumption for the association.

The board, after reviewing the group budgets for 2020/21 and the group's medium term financial position as detailed in the business plan including changes arising from the Covid-19 pandemic, is of the opinion that, taking account of severe but plausible downsides, the Association has adequate resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future.

Consequently, the Directors are confident that the Association will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

TURNOVER

Turnover comprises rental, service charge and management charge income receivable, revenue grants receivable from third parties, amortisation of capital grants, proceeds of first tranche shared ownership sales and facilities management fees.

Rental income on student properties are credited in the month to which they relate.

OTHER INCOME

Interest income is accrued on a time-apportioned basis, by reference to the principal outstanding at the effective interest rate.

SERVICE CHARGES

Service charges on rented properties are recognised in the financial statements when the weekly rent debit is raised. Service charges on shared ownership properties are credited monthly, but the amount recognised in the financial statements is adjusted to reflect either additional amounts to be collected or amounts to be repaid based on the costs incurred in the year.

FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

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Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Freehold land is not depreciated. During the transition to FRS 102, the option was exercised to revalue a section of the property portfolio to give a deemed cost figure instead of historic cost.

Costs of works to existing properties are capitalised where they result in an enhancement of economic benefits, for example, an increase in rental income, a reduction in future management costs or significant extension of life, and where components are replaced. Otherwise costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

During 2018/19, management revised its estimates of residual value of shared ownership housing properties from nil to cost. This change in estimate reduced depreciation by £0.2m in the current year.

Depreciation is provided on housing property held for letting at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset component to its residual value over its useful economic life (UEL) on a straight line basis. The UELs applied are as follows:

Component	Years
Structure (up to)	125
Kitchen	20
Bathroom	30
Roof	60
Windows	30
Fixtures and fittings	15-30

Depreciation is provided on shared ownership properties at rates calculated to write off the cost of each property to its estimated residual value over its UEL on a straight line basis. The UEL applied is as follows:

Properties	100-125 years
Depreciation is charged on other tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write down residual value evenly over its expected UEL. The following annual rates have been applied:	each asset to its estimated
Freehold offices	2% of cost

Short leasehold properties	Length of lease
Fixtures and fittings, computer equipment and computer software	10-33% of cost
Motor vehicles	20% of cost

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INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at fair value whilst a reliable measure of fair value is available without undue cost or effort. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income.

INVESTMENTS

Fixed Asset Investments

In the separate accounts of the Association, interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are assessed for impairment at each reporting date. Any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Associates

Undertakings in which the Group has significant influence (i.e. the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions but not control or joint control over those policies) are classified as associates. The Group's share of the results, other comprehensive income and equity of associates are accounted for using the equity method based on the Associate's management accounts to 31 March 2020.

All unrealised profit or losses on transactions with the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies of the associate into line with those used by the Group.

Jointly Controlled Entities

Entities in which the Group has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities. Jointly controlled entities are accounted for using the equity method, as described in the accounting policy for associates above.

IMPAIRMENT OF FIXED ASSETS

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairment losses.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income or, for revalued assets, as a revaluation gain in Other Comprehensive Income. On reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount less any residual value over its remaining useful economic life.

HOUSING PROPERTIES UNDER CONSTRUCTION

Housing properties in the course of construction are carried at cost, less any identified impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and other directly attributable costs that are necessary to bring the property to its operating condition. Depreciation commences when the properties are ready for their intended use.

Housing properties are transferred at cost to completed properties when they are ready for letting.

SHARED OWNERSHIP AND TRY BEFORE YOU BUY

Development of shared ownership housing properties is accounted for in fixed assets in the same manner as for general needs housing properties, except that costs relating to first tranche sales are recognised in current assets and only costs relating to the remaining tranches are capitalised as fixed assets under construction and transferred to shared ownership properties on completion.

Under shared ownership arrangements, the Association disposes of the long lease of shared ownership housing units to persons who occupy them, at a premium of between 25% and 75% of the value of the whole property. The occupier has the right to purchase at valuation further proportions up to 100%.

Upon sale, first tranche proceeds are included within turnover and related standard costs charged to operating costs. Disposals of the second and subsequent staircasing tranches are treated as fixed asset disposals in the normal manner, and the resultant profit is shown within Surplus On Sale Of Housing Properties.

Try Before You Buy properties are intended for the same customers as shared ownership properties, but the initial disposal is deferred to a future date. Where it becomes probable that no sale in Try Before You Buy properties will happen in the foreseeable future, the cost of the initial shares is transferred to fixed assets. At the point this decision is reversed, the net book value of such properties is transferred back to current assets.

Where the initial tranche sale is less than 50%, the amount remaining in current assets is transferred to fixed assets. Where the initial tranche sale is greater than 50%, the fixed asset balance is reduced accordingly.

SOCIAL HOUSING GRANT

Housing Association Grant (HAG) was a capital grant made to the Association prior to the 1996 Housing Act.

Social Housing Grant (SHG) is a similar capital grant made to the Association towards the cost of acquiring and/or building additional housing for rent or sale. Both SHG and HAG are referred to collectively as SHG or Social Housing Grant within the financial statements.

Under FRS 102 these grants are now classified as Deferred Social Housing Grant and recognised in turnover over the expected useful life of the asset to which they relate. When a property with grant is disposed of, grant previously amortised is written back as an expense in the disposal proceeds calculation.

RECYCLED CAPITAL GRANT FUND

Social Housing Grant which relates to housing properties sold outright or via staircasing arrangements is credited to the Recycled Capital Grant Fund in so far as it is not required to cover a loss arising on the sale. The net amount credited to the fund at the reporting date is shown separately within creditors.

The fund can be used to develop additional social housing, to allow shared ownership leaseholders to revert to assured tenants (reverse staircasing), or to fund certain adaptation and major repair costs. Transfers from the fund, equivalent to the SHG entitlement under existing grant arrangements, can be made to offset in part the costs incurred.

PENSION COSTS

The Association participates in the Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS), a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. During the year, the Association recognised its individual share of the SHPS scheme deficit following an exercise carried out by independent actuaries to identify each member's share of the deficit. In previous years, the Association recognised a liability based on the present value of the agreed deficit reduction contributions. The change in the liability as a result of the change in estimate has been recognised in other comprehensive income as indicated in the amendments made to FRS 102 Section 28 'Employee Benefits'. The in-year movement in the scheme deficit is split between operating charges, finance costs and, in other comprehensive income, actuarial gains and losses.

The Association is applying these amendments early as permitted by the standard.

The Association also pays contributions for members in the Social Housing Defined Contribution Scheme and the Group also participates in defined contribution pension schemes. Contributions to these schemes are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they become payable. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

DEVELOPMENT INTERESTS AND ADMINISTRATION COSTS

Where a property is developed, interest is capitalised during the development period.

Development administration costs relating to development activity are capitalised only where the costs are directly related to bringing the properties into working condition for their intended use.

Direct asset management administration costs relating to component replacements are capitalised within additions.

RESULTS OF MANAGING AGENTS

The Association owns properties in respect of hostel schemes which are run by third-party agencies. Where the agencies carry the financial risk, the Statement of Comprehensive Income includes only that income and expenditure which relates solely to the Association. Other income and expenditure of the hostels is excluded from the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The Association monitors the agencies and maintains the properties for which it retains a portion of the revenue grants.

VALUE ADDED TAX

The Group is VAT registered but a large proportion of its income is exempt for VAT purposes and therefore gives rise to a partial exemption calculation. The consolidated financial statements include VAT to the extent that it is suffered by the Group and is not recoverable. The balance of VAT payable or recoverable at the year end is included as a current liability or asset.

ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES AND FINANCE COSTS

As far as possible, expenses are allocated directly to the activity to which they relate. Other overheads are allocated in proportion to the split of head office salary costs.

Salary costs are allocated, by individual, to the activities in which each staff member is engaged. This apportionment is reached by discussion with staff and tested for reasonableness against transactional finance costs. In so far as they relate to new development activity, costs are charged to that activity. All other finance costs are charged as indirect overheads and apportioned in the manner set out above.

LEASES

Finance leases

An asset and corresponding liability are recognised for leasing agreements that transfer to the Group substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership ("finance leases"). The amount capitalised is the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term, both determined at inception of the lease. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Operating leases

All other leases are operating leases and the annual rentals are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

LEASE AND LEASEBACK TRANSACTIONS

Where housing properties are purchased via a lease and leaseback transaction, such that the group has rights approximating to ownership, the housing properties are shown as fixed assets and the lease premium proceeds are recorded as a liability to the lessor. Rental payments to the lessor are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements and the interest is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and deposits. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

TAXATION

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is not discounted.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is recognised on income or expenses from subsidiaries, associates, branches and interests in jointly controlled entities, that will be assessed to or allow for tax in a future period except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the timing difference and it is probable that the timing difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

For non-depreciable assets measured using the revaluation model and investment properties measured at fair value (except investment property with a limited useful life held by the Group to consume substantially all of its economic benefits), deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset or property.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Association has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Association becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Association currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors which are receivable within one year and which do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

Where the arrangement with a trade debtor constitutes a financing transaction, the debtor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Bank overdrafts

Bank overdrafts are presented within creditors: amounts falling due within one year.

Trade investments

Trade investments are equity investments over which the Association has no significant influence, joint control or control and are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction price includes transaction costs, except where trade investments are measured at fair value through the Statement of Comprehensive Income when transaction costs are expensed to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as incurred.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Where the arrangement with a trade creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the creditor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar instrument.

Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value, at each reporting date. Fair value gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND AREAS OF JUDGEMENT

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are shown below.

The bad debt provision is estimated using historical knowledge of the individual and environment.

The discount rate used for the past deficit pension liability is that agreed with the Pension Trust, and is deemed appropriate for use in calculating the liability.

For shared ownership properties 50% of the cost is disclosed as a current asset until the first tranche sale is made. Management reviews this on a yearly basis and deems it to be appropriate at the year end.

In respect of the investment properties, in addition to judging whether or not properties are categorised as investment properties, the PfP Group is also required to estimate the fair value of the investment properties on an annula basis. To facilitate this estimation, the PfP Group engaged Savills, a leading professional adviser to use RICs guidance and the requirements of the Red Book to complete a full valuation of the Group's investment properties. the results of the valuation excercise have been subjected to management scrutiny and challenge.

Critical areas of judgement

In categorising leases as finance leases or operating leases, management makes judgements as to whether significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the group as lessee, or to the lessee, where the group is lessor.

Within the capitalised figure for properties, management allocate time spent by the development team and major repair team. Staff costs and other direct costs, which are incurred as a result of these programmes are capitalised.

An impairment review is undertaken in line with the accounting policy and no properties have been judged to require an impairment at the balance sheet date.

Derwent Housing Association Limited NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2020

1 TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS

	Ye	ar to 31.03.202	0	Ye	ar to 31.03.201	9 Restated
GROUP	Turnover £'000	Operating costs £'000	Operating surplus £'000	Turnover £'000	Operating costs £'000	Operating surplus £'000
SOCIAL HOUSING LETTINGS General needs housing Shared ownership accomodation/ Try Before	35,358	(14,902)	20,456	34,710	(15,884)	18,826
You Buy Keyworker accommodation	2,706 1,672	(2,536) (1,022)	170 650	2,662 1,570	(2,130) (878)	532 692
	39,736	(18,460)	21,276	38,942	(18,892)	20,050
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE						
Social housing	670	(282)	388	689	(298)	391
SHG amortisation	937	-	937	901	-	901
Other	18	(312)	(294)	68	(310)	(242)
First tranche sales	3,645	(3,253)	392	254	(212)	42
Fair value gains on investment						
properties	-	-	21,908	-	-	14
Surplus on sale of housing						
properties	-	-	1,795	-	-	2,472
Development costs	-	(1,061)	(1,061)	-	(958)	(958)
Facilities management	16,802	(16,315)	487	15,258	(13,799)	1,459
	61,808	(39,683)	45,828	56,112	(34,469)	24,129
NON SOCIAL HOUSING LETTINGS						
Market rental accommodation Student accommodation	1,690 5,042	(1,684) (3,172)	6 1,870	1,858 4,957	(1,728) (2,771)	130 2,186
	68,540	(44,539)	47,704	62,927	(38,968)	26,445
:			:			

Derwent Housing Association Limited NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2020

1a) TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS (continued)

ASSOCIATION Operating Turnover £000 Operating surplus £000 Operating surplus £000 Operating costs £000 Operating surplus £000 Operating furnover £000 Operating costs £000 SOCIAL HOUSING LETTINGS General needs housing Shared ownership accommodation/ Try Before You Buy 35,004 (14,811) 20,193 34,357 (15,736) Social needs housing Shared ownership accommodation/ Try Before You Buy 2,690 (2,536) 154 2,646 (2,110) Keyworker accommodation 1,672 (10,022) 650 1,570 (878) OTHER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE 39,366 (18,369) 20,997 38,573 (18,724) Other 18 (312) (294) 18 (281) First trache sales 3,645 (3,252) 393 254 (212) Fair value gains on investment properties 1,795 - - Surplus on sale of housing properties 1,795 - - Surplus on sale of housing properties 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - -	Restated	19	ar to 31.03.201	Yea	0	ar to 31.03.2020	Yea	
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Restated							ASSOCIATION
General needs housing Shared ownership accommodation/ Try Before You Buy $35,004$ $(14,811)$ $20,193$ $34,357$ $(15,736)$ You Buy $2,690$ $(2,536)$ 154 $2,646$ $(2,110)$ Keyworker accommodation $1,672$ $(1,022)$ 650 $1,570$ (878) 39,366 $(18,369)$ $20,997$ $38,573$ $(18,724)$ OTHER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE Social housing757 (282) 475 688 (298) SHG amortisation 921 - 921 901 -Other18 (312) (294) 18 (281) First tranche sales $3,645$ $(3,252)$ 393 254 (212) Fair value gains on investment properties- $21,908$ Surplus on sale of housing properties- $1,795$ Development costs- $(1,061)$ (1,061)-(958)Facilities management $5,818$ $(5,818)$ - $5,754$ $(5,754)$ Pension deficit payment charge $50,525$ $(29,094)$ $45,134$ $46,188$ $(26,227)$ NON SOCIAL HOSUING $45,134$ $46,188$ $(26,227)$	Operating surplus £'000		costs		surplus	costs		
You Buy Keyworker accommodation $2,690$ $1,672$ $(2,536)$ $(1,022)$ 154 650 $2,646$ $1,570$ $(2,110)$ (878) 39,366 $(18,369)$ $20,997$ $38,573$ $(18,724)$ OTHER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE Social housingSocial housing 757 921 (282) 475 921 688 $9298)$ Other18 (312) Other 18 (312) (294) 18 (281) First tranche sales $3,645$ $(3,252)$ 393 254 254 (212) Fair value gains on investment propertiesproperties $ 21,908$ $ 21,908$ $ -$ <td< td=""><td>18,621</td><td></td><td>(15,736)</td><td>34,357</td><td>20,193</td><td>(14,811)</td><td>35,004</td><td>General needs housing Shared ownership</td></td<>	18,621		(15,736)	34,357	20,193	(14,811)	35,004	General needs housing Shared ownership
Keyworker accommodation $1,672$ $(1,022)$ 650 $1,570$ (878) 39,366 $(18,369)$ $20,997$ $38,573$ $(18,724)$ OTHER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE Social housing577 (282) 475 688 (298) SHG amortisation921-921901-Other18 (312) (294) 18 (281) First tranche sales $3,645$ $(3,252)$ 393 254 (212) Fair value gains on investment properties- $21,908$ Other $1,795$ Development costs- $(1,061)$ $(1,061)$ - (958) Facilities management $5,818$ $(5,818)$ - $5,754$ $(5,754)$ Pension deficit payment charge $50,525$ $(29,094)$ $45,134$ $46,188$ $(26,227)$ NON SOCIAL HOSUING	536		(2.110)	2,646	154	(2,536)	2,690	÷
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE Social housing 757 (282) 475 688 (298) SHG amortisation 921 - 921 901 - Other 18 (312) (294) 18 (281) First tranche sales 3,645 (3,252) 393 254 (212) Fair value gains on investment	692				-	,		•
EXPENDITURE Social housing 757 (282) 475 688 (298) SHG amortisation 921 - 921 901 - Other 18 (312) (294) 18 (281) First tranche sales 3,645 (3,252) 393 254 (212) Fair value gains on investment - 21,908 - - properties - 21,908 - - Surplus on sale of housing - 1,795 - - properties - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Facilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - - - - - 50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227)	19,849		(18,724)	38,573	20,997	(18,369)	39,366	-
Social housing 757 (282) 475 688 (298) SHG amortisation 921 - 921 901 - Other 18 (312) (294) 18 (281) First tranche sales 3,645 (3,252) 393 254 (212) Fair value gains on investment - 21,908 - - properties - 21,908 - - Surplus on sale of housing - 1,795 - - Development costs - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Facilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - - - - - 50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227)								
SHG amortisation 921 - 921 901 - Other 18 (312) (294) 18 (281) First tranche sales 3,645 (3,252) 393 254 (212) Fair value gains on investment - 21,908 - - properties - 21,908 - - Surplus on sale of housing - 1,795 - - properties - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Facilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - - - - - 50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227) NON SOCIAL HOSUING - - - -	390		(298)	688	475	(282)	757	Social housing
First tranche sales 3,645 (3,252) 393 254 (212) Fair value gains on investment - 21,908 - - properties - 1,795 - - Surplus on sale of housing - 1,795 - - Development costs - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Facilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - - - - - 50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227) NON SOCIAL HOSUING - - - -	901		-	901	921	-	921	0
Fair value gains on investment - 21,908 - - properties - 1,795 - - Surplus on sale of housing - 1,795 - - properties - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Development costs - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Facilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - - - - - 50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227) NON SOCIAL HOSUING - - - -	(263)		(281)	18	(294)	(312)	18	Other
properties - 21,908 - - Surplus on sale of housing - 1,795 - - properties - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Development costs - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Facilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - - - - - 50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227) NON SOCIAL HOSUING - - - -	42		(212)	254	393	(3,252)	3,645	First tranche sales
properties - 21,908 - - Surplus on sale of housing - 1,795 - - properties - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Pacilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - - - - - 50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227) NON SOCIAL HOSUING - - - -								Fair value gains on investment
properties - 1,795 - - Development costs - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Facilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - - - - - - 50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227) - NON SOCIAL HOSUING - - - - -	14		-	-	21,908		-	
Development costs - (1,061) (1,061) - (958) Facilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge - - - - - 50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227) NON SOCIAL HOSUING - - - -								Surplus on sale of housing
Facilities management 5,818 (5,818) - 5,754 (5,754) Pension deficit payment charge -	2,472		-	-	1,795		-	properties
Pension deficit payment charge - <th< td=""><td>(958)</td><td></td><td>(958)</td><td>-</td><td>(1,061)</td><td>(1,061)</td><td>-</td><td>Development costs</td></th<>	(958)		(958)	-	(1,061)	(1,061)	-	Development costs
50,525 (29,094) 45,134 46,188 (26,227) NON SOCIAL HOSUING	-		(5,754)	5,754	-	(5,818)	5,818	Facilities management
NON SOCIAL HOSUING	-		-	-	-	-	-	Pension deficit payment charge
	22,447		(26,227)	46,188	45,134	(29,094)	50,525	
Market rental accommodation 1,690 (1,684) 6 1,858 (1,728)	130		(1,728)	1,858	6	(1,684)	1,690	Market rental accommodation
Student accommodation 5,042 (3,172) 1,870 4,957 (2,771)	2,186				1,870			Student accommodation
57,257 (33,950) 47,010 53,003 (30,726)	24,763		(30,726)	53,003	47,010	(33,950)	57,257	-

1b) SHARE OF OPERATING SURPLUS OF JOINT VENTURES - GROUP

	Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
Eione LLP	125	151
	125	151

Derwent Housing Association Limited NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2020

2 INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FROM LETTINGS - SOCIAL HOUSING ONLY

GROUP	General needs housing £'000	Shared Ownership accomodat- ion £'000	Keyworker accomodat- ion £'000	Total Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Total Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
GROSS INCOME FROM LETTINGS Rents receivable net of identifiable service charges Service charges receivable	32,966 2,663	2,199 560	1,807	36,972 3,223	36,438 2,975
GROSS RENTS RECEIVABLE Rent losses from voids	35,629 (271)	2,759 (53)	1,807 (135)	40,195 (459)	39,413 (471)
NET RENTS RECEIVABLE	35,358	2,706	1,672	39,736	38,942
EXPENDITURE ON LETTING ACTIVITIES Management and services Routine maintenance Rent losses from bad debts Major repairs expenditure Depreciation and impairment of housing	4,917 4,800 85 656	1,176 579 147	832 165 	6,925 5,544 232 681	7,264 5,558 353 833
TOTAL EXPENDITURE ON LETTINGS	4,444	2,536		5,078	4,884
OPERATING SURPLUS ON LETTING ACTIVITIES	20,456	170	650	21,276	20,050

2 INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FROM LETTINGS - SOCIAL HOUSING ONLY (continued)

ASSOCIATION	General needs housing £'000	Shared Ownership accomodat- ion £'000	Keyworker accomodat- ion £'000	Total Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Total Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
GROSS INCOME FROM LETTINGS Rents receivable net of identifiable service charges Service charges receivable	32,616 2,655	2,184 559	1,807	36,607 3,214	36,077 2,964
GROSS RENTS RECEIVABLE Rent losses from voids	35,271 (267)	2,743 (53)	1,807 (135)	39,821 (455)	39,041 (468)
NET RENTS RECEIVABLE	35,004	2,690	1,672	39,366	38,573
EXPENDITURE ON LETTING ACTIVITIES Management and services Routine maintenance	4,916 4,771	1,176 579	832 165	6,924 5,515	7,161 5,555
Rent losses from bad debts Major repairs expenditure Depreciation and impairment of housing properties	82 656 4,386	147 - 634	25	229 681 5,020	349 833 4,826
TOTAL EXPENDITURE ON LETTINGS	14,811	2,536	1,022	18,369	18,724
OPERATING SURPLUS ON LETTING ACTIVITIES	20,193	154	650	20,997	19,849

SURPLUS ON SALE OF 3 HOUSING PROPERTIES

3 HOUSING PROPERTIES

GROUP	Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
Net proceeds of sales Cost of sales	4,795 (3,000)	5,365 (2,893)
	1,795	2,472
ASSOCIATION	Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
Net proceeds of sales Cost of sales	4,795 (3,000)	5,365 (2,893)
	1,795	2,472

3 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

ASSOCIATION

The directors are defined as the members of the Board and the Chief Executive.

	Year to	Year to
	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	£'000	£'000
The aggregate emoluments paid to or receivable by the executive director		
(2019: one executive director) including pension contributions	294	179

During the period ex-gratia payments totalling £79,089 (2019: £44,331) were paid to directors for compensation of loss of office.

The Association made $\pounds 12,258$ (2019: $\pounds 6,591$) of pension contributions into the Social Housing Pension Scheme in relation to the Chief Executive, who is also the highest paid director. The Chief Executive is an ordinary member of the Scheme and no enhanced or special terms apply.

	Year to 31.03.2020	Year to 31.03.2019
	£'000	£'000
The remuneration paid to the highest paid director of the Association excluding pension contributions	282	172
Aggregate amount of directors' pension contributions	12	7
Number of directors receiving pension contributions	1	1

The total cost of key management personnel, defined as the Board and executive directors including remuneration, pension contributions and employers national insurance contributions was £343,500 (2019: £235,920).

Remuneration to board members was £22,885 (2019: £30,467). Total expenses reimbursed to Board members not charged to United Kingdom income tax amounted to £1,805 (2019: £2,690).

Professional indemnity insurance for the Group's directors and officers is covered by the Places for People Group policy, no premium was charged to Derwent for this in the year (2019: £8,656).

Derwent Housing Association Limited NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2020

5 EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

GROUP AND ASSOCIATION	Year to 31.03.2020 Group No.	Year to 31.03.2020 Association No.	Year to 31.03.2019 Group No.	Year to 31.03.2019 Association No.
The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed during				
this year was:				
Office staff	103	84	113	88
Wardens, caretakers and cleaners	211	23	187	19
Maintenance	18	18	17	17
	332	125	317	124

Average monthly employee numbers are calculated using a full-time equivalent of 37 hours per week and applying a daily pro rata percentage for starters and leavers in the year.

Staff costs (for the above persons)	Year to 31.03.2020 Group £'000	Year to 31.03.2020 Association £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 Group £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 Association £'000
Wages and salaries	8,745	3,958	9,204	3,935
Social security costs	759	352	804	359
Other pension costs	361	204	366	202
	9,865	4,514	10,374	4,496
	Year to	Year to	Year to	Year to
Salary bandings	31.03.2020	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2019
	Group	Association	Group	Association
	No.	No.	No.	No.
£60,000 - £69,999	4	1	7	4
£70,000 - £79,999	5	4	2	1
£80,000 - £89,999	2	1	-	-
£90,000 - £99,999	-	-	1	-
£100,000 - £109,999	-	-	1	1
£110,000 - £119,999	1	-	-	-
£170,000 - £179,999	-	-	1	1
£290,000 - £2999,999	2	1		
	14	7	13	8

Included in the above bandings are gross wages, pensions and ex-gratia payments. Where a role has been undertaken by two or more people due to staff changes, their average salary has been counted as one. Values have been adjusted to reflect a 12 month period. Directors have been excluded.

6a) INVESTMENT INCOME RECEIVABLE

04)		Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
	GROUP	~ 000	~ 000
	Investment income	1,123	622
		1,123	622
	ASSOCIATION		
	Investment income	-	-
		-	
6b)	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
	GROUP		
	Interest receivable from bank and building society deposits Other interest receivable	34	21 17
		34	38
	ASSOCIATION		
	Interest receivable from bank and building society deposits Interest receivable from group companies Other interest receivable	14 335	11 290 17
		349	318

7 INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

INTEREST PATABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	Gro	up	Assoc	iation
	Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000	Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
On bank loans	8,593	9,109	8,559	9,081
On Aviva sale and leaseback agreements	3,652	3,621	3,652	3,621
Other loans	466	471	466	471
Unwinding of discount on pension deficit liability	114	-	114	-
Other loans from group companies	4,684	3,971	4,684	3,971
	17,509	17,172	17,475	17,144

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8) SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE INTEREST AND INVESTMENT INCOME

GROUP	Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
This is arrived at after charging;		
Lease rentals - land and buildings	1,969	1,957
Lease rentals - plant and machinery	16	17
Depreciation and impairment of housing properties	5,082	4,887
Depreciation of other fixed assets	215	244
Auditor's remuneration (excluding VAT)	7.4	104
- in its capacity as auditor - other	74	104 38
- other	38	38
	Year to	Year to
ASSOCIATION	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	£'000	£'000
This is arrived at after charging;		
Lease rentals - land and buildings	1,864	1,864
Lease rentals - plant and machinery	16	17
Depreciation and impairment of housing properties	5,023	4,829
Depreciation of other fixed assets	185	219
Auditor's remuneration (excluding VAT)		
- in its capacity as auditor	50	80
- other	38	38

9 TAXATION ON SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

GROUP	Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
United Kingdom corporation tax		
Current tax Prior period tax charge	1,027 (61)	1,054 (290)
Total corporation tax charge	966	764
Deferred taxation charge Prior period tax charge Effect of tax rate change on opening balance	708 75 (44)	311 (339)
Total deferred tax charge	739	(28)
Total tax charge	1,705	736

Factors affecting current tax position for the year:

The tax assessed for the year is different than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 19% (2019: 19%). The differences are explained below:

Surplus on ordinary activities before tax	31,477	10,084
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at 19% (2018: 19%)	5,981	1,916
Expenses not deductible/income not taxable	(4,413)	(685)
Fixed asset differences	476	
Adjustments to brought forward values	(719)	
Amounts (charged)/ credited directly to SOCI	349	144
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods		27
Prior period adjustment	15	(629)
Chargeable gains or losses	60	
Deferred tax rate adjustment	(44)	52
Deferred tax not provided		(89)
	1,705	736

9 TAXATION ON SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

ASSOCIATION	Year to 31.03.2020 £'000	Year to 31.03.2019 £'000
United Kingdom corporation tax		
Current tax Prior period tax charge	692 (61)	619
Total corporation tax charge	631	619
Deferred taxation charge Prior period tax charge Effect of tax rate change on opening balance	731 75 (37)	328 (345)
Total deferred tax charge	769	(17)
Total tax charge	1,400	602

Factors affecting current tax position for the year:

The tax assessed for the year is different than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 19% (2019: 19%). The differences are explained below:

Surplus on ordinary activities before tax	29,884	7,937
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at 19% (2019: 19%)	5,678	1,508
Expenses not deductible/income not taxable	(4,397)	(667)
Fixed asset differences	477	
Chargeable gains / (losses)	60	-
Adjustments to brought forward values	(744)	-
Amounts (charged)/credited directly to SOCI	350	144
Prior period adjustment	13	(345)
Deferred tax rate adjustment	(37)	(38)
	1,400	602

10 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - HOUSING PROPERTIES

GROUP	Housing properties held for letting £'000	Try Before You Buy/ shared ownership properties £'000	Housing properties under construct- ion £'000	Shared ownership properties under construct- ion £'000	Total £'000
COST					
1 April 2019 Additions Disposals of properties Disposals of components Transfers between property classes Change of classification	514,370 (679) (960) 20,999 2,381	49,513 (1,760) - 5,557 110	7,151 19,698 - (21,007) 32	1,008 5,271 - (5,549) 105	572,042 24,969 (2,439) (960) - 2,628
31 March 2020	536,111	53,420	5,874	835	596,240
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT					
1 April 2019 Charged in the year On disposals Disposals of components Change of classification	55,429 5,080 482 (960) 10	2,441 2 (97) - (10)	- - -	- - - -	57,870 5,082 385 (960)
31 March 2020	60,041	2,336			62,377
Carrying amount:					
31 March 2020	476,070	51,084	5,874	835	533,863
1 April 2019	458,941	47,072	7,151	1,008	514,172

10 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - HOUSING PROPERTIES (continued)

ASSOCIATION	Housing properties held for letting	Try Before You Buy/ shared ownership properties	Housing properties under construct- ion	Shared ownership properties under construct- ion	Total
ASSOCIATION	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
COST	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
1 April 2019	506,572	49,208	4,051	1,008	560,839
Additions	-	-	19,425	5,278	24,703
Disposals of properties	(679)	(1,760)	-	-	(2,439)
Disposals of components	(960)	_	-	-	(960)
Transfers between property classes	17,622	5,564	(17,630)	(5,556)	-
Change of classification	2,381	110	32	105	2,628
31 March 2020	524,936	53,122	5,878	835	584,771
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT					
1 April 2019	55,287	2,439	-	-	57,726
Charged in the year	5,021	2	-	-	5,023
On disposals	482	(97)	-	-	385
Disposals of components	(960)	-	-	-	(960)
Change of classification	10	(10)	-	-	-
31 March 2020	59,840	2,334	-	-	62,174
Carrying amount:					
31 March 2020	465,096	50,788	5,878	835	522,597
1 April 2019	451,285	46,769	4,051	1,008	503,113

10 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - HOUSING PROPERTIES (continued)

Freehold 564,628 540	.2019 £'000 ,183 ,637 222
Freehold 564,628 540 Long leasehold 31,388 31	,183 ,637
Long leasehold 31,388 31	,637
-	
Short leasehold 223	222
596,240 572	,042
ASSOCIATION	
31.03.2020 31.03	
The cost of housing properties including those under construction comprises: £'000	£'000
Freehold 553,244 529	,065
Long leasehold 31,303 31	,552
Short leasehold 223	222
584,771 560	,839

Additions to housing properties in the course of construction during the year include an apportionment of staff time directly spent on the administration of development activities amounting to £0.4m, (2019: £0.4m).

Expenditure on major works to existing properties during the year was £3.7m (2019: £4.7m).

	GRO	OUP	ASSOC	IATION
SOCIAL HOUSING GRANT	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Held as deferred Social Housing Grant	105,760	105,958	102,628	102,923
Released to Revenue Reserves	39,126	38,189	39,075	38,154
	144,886	144,147	141,703	141,077

11 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

GROUP VALUATION	Completed Properties £'000	Land banks £'000	Total £'000
1 April 2019 Additions Revaluation Disposals	48,140 1,019 21,908	624 - -	48,764 1,019 21,908
31 March 2020	71,067	624	71,691

ASSOCIATION	Completed Properties £'000	Land banks £'000	Total £'000
1 April 2019	48,140	624	48,764
Additions Revaluation	1,019 21,908	-	1,019 21,908
Disposals			-
31 March 2020	71,067	624	71,691

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group has obtained an independent valuation of the investment property portfolio. This was performed in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (a "red book " valuation). The valuation was undertaken by Savills, who are independent, RICS qualified, have a strong professional reputation with and considerable experience in producing red book valuations.

A discounted cash flow method was used to estimate the fair value of the portfolio. This used up-to-date information on net operating cash flows and applied an appropriate yield to this data based on an understanding of the market and the individual circumstances of each part of the portfolio. Comparisons have also been made with similar properties in recent transactions to give additional comfort around valuations. Where applicable, an assessment is made on a similar basis for any related commercial income in respect of these properties. Management interrogation and challenge has been applied to both the valuation methods and the assumptions used, including in respect of cash flows, CPI and HPI as appropriate. The valuation was performed as at 31 December 2019. Management has considered the roll forward of the valuation to year end and have carried out an impairment review.

12 OTHER TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

GROUP COST	Land £'000	Freehold offices £'000	Fixtures and equipment £'000	Computer equipment and software £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Total £'000
1 April 2019	-	3,162	349	1,579	20	5,110
Additions	-	46	55	127	-	228
Change of classification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	(16)	-	(10)	(26)
31 March 2020	 	3,208	388	1,706	10	5,312
ACCUMULATED DEPRE	CIATION					
1 April 2019	-	779	206	1,144	20	2,149
Charged in the year	-	28	19	168	-	215
Change of classification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eliminated on disposals	-	-	-	-	(10)	(10)
31 March 2020	-	807	225	1,312	10	2,354
Carrying amount:						
31 March 2020		2,401	163	394		2,958
1 April 2019		2,383	143	435		2,961

12 OTHER TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

ASSOCIATION COST	Land £'000	Freehold offices £'000	Fixtures and equipment £'000	Computer equipment and software £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Total £'000
1 April 2019	-	3,162	217	1,023	20	4,422
Additions	-	46	55	102	-	203
Change of classification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	(16)	-	(10)	(26)
31 March 2020	 	3,208	256	1,125	10	4,599
ACCUMULATED DEPRE	CIATION					
1 April 2019	_	779	73	654	20	1,526
Charged in the year	-	28	19	138	-	185
Change of classification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eliminated on disposals	-	-	-	-	(10)	(10)
31 March 2020	-	807	92	792	10	1,701
Carrying amount:						
31 March 2020		2,401	164	333	<u> </u>	2,898
1 April 2019		2,383	144	369		2,896

13 JOINT VENTURES

GROUP	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000
SHARE OF GROSS ASSETS IN JOINT VENTURES Eione LLP	403	370
SHARE OF GROSS LIABILITIES IN JOINT VENTURES Eione LLP	403	370

Derwent Facilities Management has joint control of Eione LLP, a student property management company.

This joint venture entity is established in the United Kingdom.

14 FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Shares in trade		
GROUP	investments	Loans	Total
COST	£'000	£'000	£'000
1 April 2019	13	7,904	7,917
Investment	_	1,546	1,546
Disposals		(5)	(5)
31 March 2020	13	9,445	9,458
		31.03.2020	31.03.2019
		£'000	£'000
Represented by:			
Loan investment in Uliving@Essex Holdco (Phase 2)		670	673
Trade equity investment in Uliving@Essex Holdco (Phase 2)		5	5
Trade equity investment in Uliving@Hertfordshire Holdco		6	8
Investment in Eione LLP (£40)		-	-
Loan investment in Uliving@Hertfordshire Holdco		7,744	6,198
Shares in Uliving@Gloucestershire Holdco (£5)		-	-
Loan investment in Uliving@Gloucestershire Holdco		1,033	1,033
		9,458	7,917

The historical cost of investment at 31 March 2020 was £9,458,000 (31 March 2019: £7,917,000).

15 SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

ASSOCIATION	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000
Represented by at cost:	2000	2000
Centro Place Investments Limited	5,000	5,000
Derwent Partnership Limited (£2)	-	-
Centro Place Management Limited	85	85
Derwent Community Housing Association Limited (£2)	-	-
31 March 2020	5,085	5,085

At 31 March 2020 the Association had shareholdings, directly unless stated otherwise, in the following subsidiaries which are incorporated in England and Wales:

	% held	Activity
Centro Place Investments Limited	100	Investment company
Centro Place Management Limited	100	Property management
Derwent Facilities Management Limited*	100	Facilities management
Derwent Community Housing Association Limited	100	Registered provider of social housing

* Held by Centro Place Investments Limited

16 PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

	GRO	UP	ASSOCIA	TION
	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Shared ownership completed properties	2,246	4,849	2,246	4,849
Shared ownership under construction	501	1,008	501	1,008
	2,747	5,857	2,747	5,857

17 DEBTORS

	GRO	UP	ASSOCIA	TION
	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000
Arrears of rent and service charges	2,899	3,170	2,899	3,170
Provision for bad debts	(1,415)	(1,255)	(1,415)	(1,255)
	1,484	1,915	1,484	1,915
Trade debtors	4,355	4,447	-	-
Amounts due from parent company	1,119	2,703	905	2,703
Amounts due from subsidiaries	-	-	11,296	10,113
Amounts due from joint venture	236	303	-	-
	7,194	9,368	13,685	14,731
Prepayments and accrued income	2,369	1,880	1,579	1,577
Corporation tax	-	490	-	276
Deferred tax (note 20)	81	443	-	392
	9,644	12,181	15,264	16,976
		=		

18 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	GF	GROUP		CIATION
	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Housing loans (note 19b)	11,530	4,354	11,530	4,314
Trade creditors	5,085	4,175	4,564	3,763
Amounts owed to group companies	2	1,070	2	1,070
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	-	-	1,919	1,309
Amounts owed to joint venture	16	52	-	-
Rent received in advance	3,626	3,775	3,626	3,775
Corporation tax	471	-	293	-
Deferred taxation	377	-	377	-
Taxation and social security costs	429	259	123	114
Accruals and deferred income	15,135	15,171	12,398	11,725
Pension contributions	83	81	83	81
Pension deficit (note 19d)	-	-	-	-
Deferred Social Housing Grant	939	939	923	923
	37,693	29,876	35,838	27,074

Derwent Housing Association Limited NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2020

19a) CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	GRO	UP	ASSOCIA	TION
	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000
Housing loans (note 19b)	170,505	182,859	170,505	182,035
Amounts owed to related undertakings	157,868	147,000	157,868	147,000
Obligations under finance leases (note 19c)	68,383	68,383	68,383	68,383
Recycled capital grant fund	1,718	1,161	1,718	1,161
Disposal proceed fund	-	-	-	-
Pension deficit (note 19d)	3,103	4,712	3,103	4,712
Deferred Social Housing Grant	104,821	105,019	101,705	102,000
	506,398	509,134	503,282	505,291

19b) HOUSING LOANS

	GRO	GROUP		TION
	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Housing loans are due for repayment as follows:				
In one year or less	11,530	4,354	11,530	4,314
Between one and two years	5,920	11,572	5,920	11,530
Between two and five years	21,324	15,587	21,324	15,453
In five years or more	143,261	155,700	143,261	155,052
	182,035	187,213	182,035	186,349
Less amounts falling due in less than 1 year	(11,530)	(4,354)	(11,530)	(4,314)
Amount falling due in more than one year	170,505	182,859	170,505	182,035

All housing loans are secured by specific charges on the Group's housing properties. These are repayable at varying rates of interest between 1.09% and 6.99% except for £4.4m with Orchardbrook which has an interest rate of 11.95%.

Of the total $\pounds 182m$ (2019: $\pounds 187m$) housing loans, $\pounds 37m$ (2019: $\pounds 37m$) is due wholly after 5 years. The remainder have amounts due in less than 5 years or after 5 years on an instalment basis.

19c) OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES AND SALE AND LEASEBACK AGREEMENTS

GROUP Wholly repayable in more than 5 years (note 19a)	31.03.2020 £'000 68,383	31.03.2019 £'000 68,383
ASSOCIATION Wholly repayable in more than 5 years (note 19a)	68,383	68,383

19d) PENSIONS

PRESENT VALUES OF DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION, FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND DEFINED BENEFIT ASSET (LIABILITY)

	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	£'000	£'000
Fair value of plan assets	19,883	19,789
Present value of defined benefit obligation	22,986	24,501
Deficit in plan	(3,103)	(4,712)
Unrecognised surplus	(5,105)	(4,712)
Defined benefit liability to be recognised	(3,103)	(4,712)
Deferred tax	-	-
Net Defined benefit liability to be recognised	(3,103)	(4,712)

RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION

	Period ended 31.03.2020 £'000
	24.504
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	24,501
Expenses	18
Interest expense	629
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience	(691)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	294
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	(1,063)
Benefits paid and expenses	(702)
Defined benefit obligation at end of period	22,986

19d) PENSIONS (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS

	Period ended 31.03.2020 £'000
Fair value of plan assets at start of period Interest income	19,789 515
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) - gain (loss)	(385)
Contributions by the employer	666
Benefits paid and expenses	(702)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	19,883

The actual return on the plan assets (including any changes in share of assets) over the period ended 31 March 2020 was $\pounds 130,000$

DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNISED IN STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (SOCI)

	Period from 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020 £'000
Expenses	18
Net interest expense	114
Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of comprehensive income (SOCI)	132

19d) PENSIONS (continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNISED IN OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Period from 1
	April 2019 to 31
	March 2020
	£'000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net	
interest cost) - gain (loss)	385
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities - gain (loss)	691
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	(294)
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	1,063
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) - gain (loss)	1,075
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income - gain (loss)	1,075

ASSETS

	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000
Global Equity	2,908	3,330
Absolute Return	1,037	1,712
Distressed Opportunities	383	360
Credit Relative Value	545	362
Alternative Risk Premia	1,390	1,141
Fund of Hedge Funds	12	89
Emerging Markets Debt	602	683
Risk Sharing	671	598
Insurance-Linked Securities	611	568
Property	438	445
Infrastructure	1,480	1,038
Private Debt	401	266
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	481	-
Corporate Bond Fund	1,134	923
Liquid Credit	8	-
Long Lease Property	344	291
Secured Income	754	708
Liability Driven Investment	6,599	7,237
Net Current Assets	85	38
Total assets	19,883	19,789

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investments in the employer's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the employer.

19d) PENSIONS (continued)

KEY ASSUMPTIONS	31.03.2020 % per annum	31.03.2019 % per annum
Discount Rate	2.50	2.60
Inflation (RPI)	2.86	3.20
Inflation (CPI)	1.86	2.20
Salary Growth	2.56	3.26
	75% of	75% of
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at	maximum	maximum
retirement	allowance	allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2020 imply the following life expectancies:

The mortanty assumptions adopted at 51 March 2020 mpry the following the expectancies.	Life expectancy at age 65 (Years)
Male retiring in 2020	21.5
Female retiring in 2020	23.3
Male retiring in 2040	22.9
Female retiring in 2040	24.5

20 DEFERRED TAXATION

GROUP	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000
Accelerated capital allowances Short term timing differences Other timing differences	3,370 (5,035) 1,961	3,569 (5,767) 1,755
	296	(443)
	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
ASSOCIATION	£'000	£'000
Accelerated capital allowances Short term timing differences Other timing differences	3,438 (5,022) 1,961	3,620 (5,767) 1,755
	377	(392)
The movement in deferred taxation provision is set out below:	Year to 31.03.2020	Year to 31.03.2019
GROUP	£'000	£'000
1 April 2019 Charged to Statement of Comprehensive Income (note 9)	(443) 739	(415) (28)
31 March 2020	296	(443)
ASSOCIATION	£'000	£'000
1 April 2019	(392)	(374)
Charged to Statement of Comprehensive Income (note 9)	769	(18)
31 March 2020	377	(392)

21 SHARE CAPITAL

ASSOCIATION	31.03.2020 £	31.03.2019 £
Shares of £1 each allotted, issued and fully paid;	6	6

The share capital of the Association consists of shares with nominal value of $\pounds 1$ each which carry no rights to dividends or other income. Shares in issue are not capable of being repaid or transferred. Where a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid up thereon, becomes the property of the Association. Therefore all shareholdings relate to non-equity interests; there are no equity interests in the Association.

22 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

GROUP	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000
Capital expenditure that has been contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements	154	260
Capital expenditure that has been authorised by the Board but has not yet been contracted for	111,919	90,052
ASSOCIATION		
Capital expenditure that has been contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements	154	260
Capital expenditure that has been authorised by the Board but has not yet been contracted for	111,919	90,052

The above commitments will be financed in accordance with our treasury management policy which is detailed in the Places for People Group consolidated accounts.

23 LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

The Association is incorporated under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and is a Registered Provider of social housing with the Regulator of Social Housing under the Housing Act 1996.

24 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

		Year to	Year to
		31.03.2020	31.03.2019
		£'000	£'000
a)	Reconciliation of surplus on activities after taxation to net cash from		
	operating activities		
	Surplus for the year	30,847	10,084
	Depreciation and amortisation charges	5,238	5,131
	Impairment of investments	-	-
	Fair value gains on investment property	(21,908)	(14)
	Amortisation of Social Housing Grant	(921)	(901)
	Investment income including Joint Venture share of surplus	(1,248)	(773)
	Fair value gains on financial instruments	-	-
	Decrease in pension deficit provison	(1,659)	(524)
	Surplus on sale of property	(1,795)	(2,472)
	Interest receivable	(34)	(38)
	Interest payable	17,509	17,172
	Taxation	1,705	-
	Change in stock	(36)	(10)
	Change in debtors	2,537	(1,348)
	Change in creditors	4,500	4,462
	Change in completed and under construction properties held for resale	3,110	(5,798)
	Net cash from operating activities	37,845	24,971

		At 1 April	Cash	Other cash	At 31
		2019	inflows	movements	March 2020
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
b)	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt				
	Cash	8,038	(2,641)	-	5,397
	Short term investments	383	24	-	407
		8,421	(2,617)		5,804
	Overdraft facilities	-	-	-	-
	Housing loans due within one year	(4,354)	4,354	(11,530)	(11,530)
	Housing loans due in greater than one year	(182,859)	824	11,530	(170,505)
	Finance lease obligations	(68,383)	-	-	(68,383)
	Net debt at the end of the year	(247,175)	2,561	-	(244,614)

25 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group had the following transactions and period end balances with Eione LLP, a 49% joint venture of Derwent Facilities Management Limited.

	Year to	Year to
	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	£	£
Investment balance in Eione LLP by Derwent Facilities Management Limited	40	40
Amounts invoiced to Eione LLP by Derwent Facilities Management Limited	1,035,533	1,638,290
Amounts due from Eione LLP to Derwent Facilities Management Limited	236,307	302,500
Amounts invoiced from Eione LLP to Derwent Facilities Management	257,320	305,829
Amounts due to Eione LLP from Derwent Facilities Management Limited	16,219	52,258

The Association also has contracts whereby the work is sub-contracted to Derwent Facilities Management Limited at no surplus or deficit to the Association. The "pass through" of this contract income and related operating costs to the third party customers totalled £5.82m (2019: £5.75m). Interest is charged on the inter-company loan to Centro Place Investments Limited at 3% per annum, this equated to £0.12m in the 12 months to 31 March 2020 (2019:£0.12m).

The Association has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 not to disclose transactions with other group companies which are 100% owned.

The Pensions Trust are a related party through the defined benefit pension scheme. Details of all transactions can be found within note 19d.

26 STOCK MANAGED

ASSOCIATION	2019 No	Units developed	Units disposed of	Other	2020 No
Social housing owned					
General housing:					
Social (including intermediate)	5,691	57	(10)	(8)	5,730
Affordable rent	498	75	(4)	3	572
Housing for older people	649	4	(2)	(1)	650
Low cost home ownership	1,306	72	(28)	7	1,357
Temporary social housing	-	-	-	-	-
	8,144	208	(44)	1	8,309
Non social housing					
Market rentals (incl Key worker)	424	-	(4)	-	420
Student accommodation	817	-	-	-	817
Leasehold	123	-	(13)	2	112
Facilities management	-	-	-	-	-
Total housing owned	9,508	208	(61)	3	9,658
Social housing managed					
General housing:					
Social (including intermediate)	18	-	-	-	18
Affordable rent	57	21	-	-	78
Housing for older people	-	-	-	-	-
Low cost home ownership Temporary social housing	177	-	(4)	(3)	170
	252	21	(4)	(3)	266
N					
Non social housing managed Market rentals (incl Key worker)	172	22	_	_	194
Facilities management					
	424	43	(4)	(3)	460
Total housing owned & managed	9,932	251	(65)	-	10,118
Housing owned but managed by another					
body	(146)	-	3	3	(140)
Total housing owned & managed	9,786	251	(62)	3	9,978
Housing managed but not owned	(424)	(43)	4	3	(460)
Total housing owned	9,508	208	(61)	3	9,658

26A STOCK MANAGED

Social housing owned General housing: Social (including intermediate) 5,709 57 (10) (8) 5,748 Affordable rent 555 96 (4) 3 650 Housing for older people 649 4 (2) (1) 650 Low cost home ownership 1.312 72 (28) 7 1.365 Temporary social housing - - - - - Market rentals (incl Key worker) 424 - (4) - 420 Student accommodation 817 - - 817 - - 817 Leasehold 123 - (13) 2 112 Facilities management -<	GROUP	2019	No	Units developed	Units disposed of	Other	2020 No
Social (including intermediate) 5,709 57 (10) (8) 5,748 Affordable rent 555 96 (4) 3 650 Iow cost home ownership 1,312 72 (28) 7 1,363 Temporary social housing - - - - - Market rentals (incl Key worker) 424 - (4) - 420 Student accommodation 817 - - 421 - 40 - 420 Student accommodation 817 - - - - - - - - - - - - - 410 - 420 - (13) 2 112 Facilities management - <	Social housing owned						
Affordable rent 555 96 (4) 3 650 Housing for older people 649 4 (2) (1) 650 Low cost home ownership 1,312 72 (28) 7 1,363 Temporary social housing - - - - - Market rentals (incl Key worker) 424 - (4) - 420 Student accommodation 817 - - - 817 Leasehold 123 - (13) 2 112 Facilities management - - - - - - Total housing managed General housing -	General housing:						
Housing for older people 649 4 (2) (1) 650 Low cost home ownership 1,312 72 (28) 7 1,363 Temporary social housing 8,225 229 (44) 1 8,411 Non social housing 8,225 229 (44) 1 8,411 Market rentals (incl Key worker) 424 - - 420 Student accommodation 817 - - 817 Leasehold 123 - (13) 2 112 Facilities management - - - - - Total housing owned 9,589 229 (61) 3 9,760 Social housing managed - - - - - Housing for older people - - - - - Low cost home ownership 171 - (4) (3) 164 Temporary social housing managed 20,902 - - - 11,188 21,245 22 (9,714) - 11,188 21		5				(8)	
Low cost home ownership Temporary social housing 1,312 72 (28) 7 1,363 Temporary social housing -						-	
Temporary social housing - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Non social housing Market rentals (incl Key worker) 8,225 229 (44) 1 8,411 Market rentals (incl Key worker) 424 - (4) - 420 Student accommodation 817 - - 817 - 817 Leasehold 123 - (13) 2 112 Facilities management - - - - - Total housing owned 9,589 229 (61) 3 9,760 Social housing managed General housing: - - - - General housing: - - - - - - Housing for older people - - - - - - Low cost home ownership 171 - (4) (3) 164 Non social housing managed 172 22 - - 194 Facilities management 20,902 - (9,714) - 11,188 21,245<		1	,312	72	(28)	7	1,363
Non social housing Market rentals (incl Key worker) 424 - (4) - 420 Student accommodation 817 - - 817 Leasehold 123 - (13) 2 112 Facilities management -	Temporary social housing		-	-	-	-	-
Market rentals (incl Key worker) 424 - (4) - 420 Student accommodation 817 - - 817 Leasehold 123 - (13) 2 112 Facilities management - - - - - Total housing owned 9,589 229 (61) 3 9,760 Social housing managed General housing: Social including intermediate) - - - - Social including intermediate) - - - - - - - Social including intermediate) - <td< td=""><td></td><td>8</td><td>,225</td><td>229</td><td>(44)</td><td>1</td><td>8,411</td></td<>		8	,225	229	(44)	1	8,411
Student accommodation 817 - - - 817 Leasehold 123 - (13) 2 112 Facilities management - - - - - Total housing owned 9,589 229 (61) 3 9,760 Social housing managed - - - - - - General housing: -	Non social housing						
Leasehold 123 - (13) 2 112 Facilities management - - - - - - Total housing owned 9,589 229 (61) 3 9,760 Social housing managed General housing intermediate) - - - - - Social including intermediate) -	Market rentals (incl Key worker)		424	-	(4)	-	420
Facilities management -			817	-	-	-	817
Total housing owned 9,589 229 (61) 3 9,760 Social housing managed General housing: Social (including intermediate) Affordable rent -	Leasehold		123	-	(13)	2	112
Social housing managed General housing: Social (including intermediate) - <t< td=""><td>Facilities management</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Facilities management		-	-	-	-	-
General housing: Social (including intermediate) - <	Total housing owned	9	,589	229	(61)	3	9,760
Social (including intermediate) -	Social housing managed						
Affordable rent -	General housing:						
Housing for older people -<	Social (including intermediate)		-	-	-	-	-
Low cost home ownership 171 - (4) (3) 164 Temporary social housing - - - - - 171 - (4) (3) 164 Non social housing managed 171 - (4) (3) 164 Non social housing managed 172 22 - - 194 Facilities management $20,902$ - $(9,714)$ - $11,188$ $21,245$ 22 $(9,718)$ (3) $11,546$ Total housing owned & managed $30,834$ 251 $(9,779)$ - $21,306$ Housing owned but managed by another (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed $30,688$ 251 $(9,776)$ 3 $21,166$ Housing managed but not owned $(21,245)$ (22) $9,718$ 3 $(11,546)$	Affordable rent		-	-	-	-	-
Temporary social housing - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			-	-	-	-	-
Image: Non social housing managed Market rentals (incl Key worker) 171 - (4) (3) 164 Non social housing managed Market rentals (incl Key worker) 172 22 - - 194 Facilities management 20,902 - (9,714) - 11,188 21,245 22 (9,718) (3) 11,546 Total housing owned & managed 30,834 251 (9,779) - 21,306 Housing owned but managed by another body (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)			171	-	(4)	(3)	164
Non social housing managed Market rentals (incl Key worker) 172 20,902 22 - - - 194 11,188 Facilities management 20,902 - (9,714) - 11,188 21,245 22 (9,718) (3) 11,546 Total housing owned & managed 30,834 251 (9,779) - 21,306 Housing owned but managed by another body (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)	Temporary social housing		-	-	-	-	
Market rentals (incl Key worker) 172 22 - - 194 Facilities management 20,902 - (9,714) - 11,188 21,245 22 (9,718) (3) 11,546 Total housing owned & managed 30,834 251 (9,779) - 21,306 Housing owned but managed by another body (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)			171	-	(4)	(3)	164
Market rentals (incl Key worker) 172 22 - - 194 Facilities management 20,902 - (9,714) - 11,188 21,245 22 (9,718) (3) 11,546 Total housing owned & managed 30,834 251 (9,779) - 21,306 Housing owned but managed by another body (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)	Non social housing managed						
Facilities management 20,902 - (9,714) - 11,188 21,245 22 (9,718) (3) 11,546 Total housing owned & managed 30,834 251 (9,779) - 21,306 Housing owned but managed by another body (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)			172	22	-	-	194
Total housing owned & managed 30,834 251 (9,779) - 21,306 Housing owned but managed by another body (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)		20	,902	-	(9,714)	-	11,188
Housing owned but managed by another body (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)		21	,245	22	(9,718)	(3)	11,546
Housing owned but managed by another body (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)							
body (146) - 3 3 (140) Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)	Total housing owned & managed	30	,834	251	(9,779)	-	21,306
Total housing owned & managed 30,688 251 (9,776) 3 21,166 Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)	Housing owned but managed by another						
Housing managed but not owned (21,245) (22) 9,718 3 (11,546)	body		(146)	-	3	3	(140)
	Total housing owned & managed	30	,688	251	(9,776)	3	21,166
	Housing managed but not owned	(21	.245)	(22)	9.718	3	(11.546)
Total housing owned & managed 9,589 229 (61) 3 9,760		(21		(22)			(11,510)
	Total housing owned & managed	9	,589	229	(61)	3	9,760

27 MANAGED ACCOMODATION

The following organisations manage accommodation on behalf of the Association:

MANAGING BODY	Bed s	Bed spaces	
	Year to	Year to	
	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	
SPECIAL NEEDS	No	No	
Mencap	9	9	
Dimensions	5	5	
NACRO	6	6	
Enable Housing Association	14	14	
Rethink	11	5	
Advance Housing	6	6	
P3 Charity	13	21	
	64	66	

	Prop	Properties	
GENERAL NEEDS	Year to 31.03.2020 No	Year to 31.03.2019 No	
EMH Homes (formerly Foundation Housing Association) Action Housing Gedling Borough Council Nottingham Community Housing Association	- - 4 -	2 1 4 1	
	4	8	

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28 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The Group's and Association's total future minimal lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for fixed assets are as follows:

GROUP	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000
Land and buildings	2000	2 000
Operating leases expiring: Within one year Between one and five years After five years	1,969 7,761 13,545	1,957 7,775 15,409
Plant and machinery	23,275	25,141
Amounts due Within one year Between one and five years After five years	16 5 -	17 9 -
	21	26
ASSOCIATION	31.03.2020 £'000	31.03.2019 £'000
Land and buildings:		
Operating leases expiring: Within one year Between one and five years After five years	1,864 7,456 13,545 22,865	1,864 7,456 15,409 24,729
Plant and machinery		
Amounts due Within one year Between one and five years After five years	16 5	17 9
	21	26